Morning Oregonian

VOL. XVIII.—NO. 13 PORTLAND, OREGON: MONDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1878. PRICE—TEN CENTS

RAILROADS.

n & California R. R. C

Effect Sunday, Aug 19, 1877, 12 o'clock Noon.
DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY)
As follows

TLAND AND ROSEBURG
AVE. ARRIVE.
7:30 A M | Roseburg
5:00 A M | Portland

BANY EXPRESS TRAIN,
DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAYS)
As follows
AVE. ARRIVE.
5:50 P M | Albany
5:30 A M | Portland

FREIGHT TRAINS
(EXCEPT SUNDAYS) AS FOLLOWS
AVE ARRIVE.
6:15 A M | Junction
5:45 A M | Portland

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with all Regular Trains.
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of the Oregon and California Stage
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PACIFIC DIVISION

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COMA TO WILKESON,
Coal Mines
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EAVE ARRIVE
11:20 A M. Tacoma
7:00 A M. Kalama
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6:45 A M Wilkeson
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GENERAL NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

Wall Street.

New York, Feb 16.—The passage of the silver bill seems to have had no effect whatever on the Wall street market

Child Recovered

New York, Feb 16.—Joseph F Rown formerly of California, has recovered his child which was born here two and a half years ago, put into the Catholic foundling asylum by his mother in law, who reported that the child was not born alive. Rown learned the facts through the death bed confession of his sister in law, and instituted legal proceedings which have just resulted in the restoration of the child, who is said however, to be entirely unlike either parent in personal appearance. He is very intelligent, talks and does many bright things. The reason given for the conduct of Mrs. Rown's mother is that she did not want to be burdened with any more grandchildren.

Opposing the Tariff Bill.

Fernando Wood's new tariff bill which as an avowed free trader he shaped with a view to radical reforms is repudiated by such well known free traders as Robt P Minturn, Manton Marble, Howard Potter, Mahlon Sands and others, who have sent an imposing memorial to Washington protesting against the bill without voluminous and radical amendments. They object most strenuously to the imposition of duties on raw materials as a direct blow to the manufacturing interests of the country, but confess that their surprise at the proposition is heightened by the fact that whereas the whole value of imported goods, made free, only amounts to less than a million, dollars, and duties relinquished thereon to less than fifteen hundred thousand, yet the value of imported raw material which the bill proposes to tax, amounts to $47,006,300, and the taxation imposed thereon to $9,155,000.

Decline in Values.

The editor of the Public finds by careful comparison that the average decline in prices during the year 1877 was quite ten per cent

Art Treasures Lost.

Among the treasures of Marshfield lost in the recent fire, were Healy's fine portrait of Webster, marble bust of Pope Pius IX, portrait of Queen Victoria, miniatures of the children of Webster, and a scaglio table presented to him by the king of Bomba. The fire also consumed a set of service ware once owned by Louis Philippe, a part of the rich silver and the wedding presents of a granddaughter of Webster, valued at $10,000. On these there was no insurance. Fortunately however, the pictures and silver were insured for $8,000 and the mansion for $6,200. Mr. Webster, after the fire, became the guest of Mrs. Adelaide Phillips, whose house is near the famous homestead.

Drinking Statistics.

A Virginia statistician, figuring upon 41 months' returns of the Moffatt barroom register, estimates that Richmond consumes 5,380,000 drinks annually. This is equal to 480 drinks annually to each voter.

The Illinois Central.

Chicago, Feb. 16.—The annual report of the Illinois Central Railroad shows an unusually good condition of its affairs. For the year ending December 31, 1877, the earnings on the road in Illinois, $6,083,322; over con [illegible], operating expenses, $[illegible]; permanent expenditure, $155 316

New Time Table.

New York, Feb 16.—The Erie Railroad will adopt a new time table February 25, putting on two new passenger trains. The fast St Louis express will leave New York at 9 P. M, arriving at St. Louis at 8.30 second morning. The new trains east bound will leave Niagara Falls at 7.05 A. M. and Buffalo at 8 A. M. in connection with fast trains from the west and arrive at New York 1 05 P M

New York Railway Matters.

New York, Feb 16.—A committee of the importers' and grocers' board of trade and of the board of trade and transportation had a conference to day with President Vanderbilt, of the New York Central, and Receiver Jewett, of the Erie railway. A statement was submitted declaring that no discrimination should be made by railroad companies against New York and in favor of other seaboard cities in the matter of west bound freights. The committee express the opinion that New York will lose its position as the distributing point of the country unless it has equal advantages with other though the advantageous cities. Vanderbilt and Jewett stated that it was a difficult question and one often considered. They were willing to bear part of the burdens, but not all. They could not enter into a war of extermination. The conference closed with the assurance that the railroads would do everything possible for the merchants.

Roosevelt's Will.

Theodore Roosevelt's will was probated to day. The furniture, one third of the real and personal estate goes to the widow. Four [illegible] in trust for their education. Each of the four children gets in addition, without reserve, one fourth of the [illegible]

The Lord-Hicks Affair.

New York, Feb. 16.—The difficulties between Thos Lord, Sr. and his children growing out of the marriage of that gentleman to Mrs Hicks were brought to a conclusion to-day by a settlement between the parties. Negotiations looking to a compromise were begun shortly after the commencement of proceedings to prove the bridegroom insane [illegible] it is said was only brought about finally by the most earnest efforts on the part of eminent counsel after a great deal of discussion and trouble. It was decided that Mr. Lord, Sr. should surrender his entire estate, including real and personal property, to Clarence A. Seward, counsel for owner and Henry L. Day of the firm of Lord & Day counsel for the sons, they to hold it in trust and pay from it $12,000 per annum to each of the children. Mrs. Lord surrenders all right of dower to the estate and agrees to receive nothing from it after the death of her husband, should she survive him. The papers necessary to the settlement were drawn up yesterday by counsel for the parties. To day Judge John K. Porter, counsel for Mr and Mrs Lord, and Henry L Day, counsel for the young Lords, had a long conference with the parties, and the papers were duly signed and verified this afternoon. The estate is said to amount to over two millions. Upon the death of the father it will go to the children. Mrs Lord is said to possess a fortune of over half a million dollars

A Poisoned Well.

Richmond, Vt, Feb 16.—There are 40 cases of poisoning from using the water of an infected well. No deaths since Monday, but several expected.

Manslaughter.

Boston, Feb 16.—Dr E E Spencer of Cambridge, was arrested to-day upon an indictment charging him with the manslaughter of Mrs Catherine McLean, having taken charge and then deserted her during childbirth.

Loss by Fire.

Taunton, Mass, Feb 16.—The loss by the fire at the Deck mill is $40 000

Deadwood Festivities.

Deadwood, D T. Feb 16.—[illegible] Adler from [illegible] of Chicago and Thos Garvey of [illegible] miners in the Spring Valley ranch 30 miles from here on the Shiney road, became involved in a fight respecting the merits of their respective dogs. From words they came to blows. Garvey struck Adler with a hammer, whereupon the latter retreated to the room and procuring his rifle shot Garvey dead. Adler is now under arrest.

This afternoon, Frank McGovern, a notorious character, and some years ago the terror of the Sweetwater mining country, became involved in a quarrel with Jas Ludwig, a well known business man of Central City. Both drew revolvers and fired simultaneously, Ludwig's fire taking effect, passing through both of McGovern's thighs. The wounds are regarded as dangerous. That Ludwig was justified in using his pistol is the universal opinion of the bystanders [illegible]

Savings Bank Closed Up

Manchester, N. H., Feb 16.—The City Savings Bank will be wound up. Deposits amount to $180,000. It is not expected that there will be any shrinkage in this amount. Deposits were cut down in June 21 per cent.

Notable Death.

New York, Feb 17.—John B. Norris of Grinnell, Norris & Co. bankers in Exchange Place, in this city and president of the American District Telegraph Company of Brooklyn died last night from congestion of the brain.

Machinery Damaged.

Providence, R. I. Feb 16.—The steamer *Old Colony* from New York for Fall River this morning when off Point Judith broke her walking beam, damaging her machinery $75 000. No one injured.

The *Old Colony* accident was one of the most serious that ever occurred in his vicinity and it is a matter of general thanksgiving that no lives were lost after the end of the walking beam, together with the shackle bar and connecting rod, went crushing through the upper deck thence through the main staircase carrying the floor of the deck inside of the doors leading to the staircase along with it into the hold below, where it brought up with great force upon the keelson and it is a wonder the huge mass of iron didn't break through the bottom and sink the vessel. The force of the fall can best be imagined when taken into consideration that a broken iron, weighing upwards of 20 tons, fell from an elevation of 40 to 50 feet

Fires.

New York, Feb 17.—This evening a fire broke out in a six story iron front building known as Excelsior Block, Twenty third street near Second avenue, Twenty third street Presbyterian church on the east and Scotch Covenanters Presbyterian church on the west side were entirely destroyed. The total loss is variously estimated from half a million to a million dollars. The third and fourth floors of the Excelsior building were occupied as an armory and drill rooms by the Eighth Regiment of the National Guard. The fifth and sixth floors were used for manufacturing furniture by Theodore French & Co. The second floor was unoccupied. The first floor was used for a sales room. The building was built in 1870 by James H. Ingersoll during the days of the Tweed ring, and is said to have cost $400 000. A roller skating rink was being fitted up in it, and workmen were busy to day using hot air in the preparation of the floor. It is thought the fire originated through the carelessness of workmen in handling it

St Louis, Feb 17.—A fire this morning in a four story building at number 410 North Third street damaged it $1,500. The occupants were Hall's Safe Co, and Latrop & McKillop's agency.

Eufaula Ala, Feb 17.—Fourteen stores at Midway, Bullock county, Alabama burned to night. Loss $50,000. Kerosene lamp

WASHINGTON CITY.

The New Orleans Mint.

Washington, Feb 16.—Louisiana congressmen will endeavor to have the mint at New Orleans reopened in the event of the silver bill becoming a law

The President More Quiet.

The *Times'* Washington special thinks the president will reconsider and recall the Devens letter and continue the same policy regarding southern affairs as hitherto leaving the returning board to its fate. The extreme radical wing of the cabinet nearly carried him off his feet, but calmer counsels prevail now

A Move for Tilden's Advantage.

A correspondent learns that very cautious and discreet measures are being taken to bring about a congressional investigation which shall include the presidential title and result to Tilden's advantage. He finds, however, that outside Montgomery Blair, who seems to be working in behalf of Tilden there are few of Tilden's former supporters who have not very marked contempt for the ex candidate for president

Mexican Affairs.

Washington, Feb 16.—The sub committee of the house on Mexican border affairs held a conference to day with Secretary Evarts and Minister Foster on our relations with Mexico.

Fears of a Postponement of the Paris Exposition.

Washington, Feb 17.—Serious apprehensions are entertained by the French minister in Washington that the Paris exposition will be postponed. This fear amounts almost if not quite to an expectation, and is based upon the apparent probabilities that England will be involved in the European troubles and that a more or less general war may speedily result. The exposition is not likely to be inaugurated this year unless existing complications are smoothed over, and in any event it now seems probable that the sailing of all our government vessels to France will be postponed beyond the dates heretofore promulgated.

San Francisco Grab.

The report of the supervising architect of the treasury department for 1877, states that the total appropriations for the San Francisco appraisers stores have been $663 000 and that the smallness of last year's appropriation will compel suspension of work at an early day. The supervising architect also reports that the total appropriation for remodeling and furnishing the San Francisco sub treasury building $107,000, of which amount something over $5,000 remained in the treasury unexpended.

A Fraud on Postal Revenues.

Washington, Feb 17.—Officers of the post office department estimate that the revenues of the department are suffering not less than $250,000 per month by the flood of stamps sold by postmasters at small country offices at a discount for use in cities and towns. The postmaster at St Louis alone shows that his office is defrauded of revenue to the amount of $180 000 per annum in this way

ATLANTIC CABLE.

Opening of the Cortes

Madrid, Feb 15.—King Alfonso opened the session of the cortes to day and presented the queen to the representatives of the nation. In the course of his speech he stated that a treaty of commerce with the United States would be presented for approval. He thanked the army and navy for their exertions and the nation for its sacrifices, and trusted Cuba would be speedily pacified

Silver Flat.

London Feb 16.—The *Economist* says silver is flat at 53½d sales from Germany having recently been large and exports to India checked by political fears so that the demand for remittance is curtailed

The Papal Conclave.

Rome Feb 16.—The majority of cardinals have agreed to hasten the conclave to elect a Pope in four or five days

War in India

Calcutta Feb 16.—Hostilities with Jowakis have been resumed. British cavalry numbering 300 met and defeated the enemy yesterday killing six including one leader [illegible] Jowaki leaders were captured

The Voting in the Conclave.

Rome Feb 17.—Cardinal Manning [illegible] unanimously in conclave [illegible]

It is stated that pilgrimages on a large scale to Rome are preparing.

Steamer Sunk.

London Feb 17.—The coasting steamer *W. Pitt* was sunk in a collision near Harwick and fourteen persons drowned

Passage of the Silver Bill!

An All Night Session—Vote on Final Passage 48 to 21.

The Debate in the Senate

Washington, Feb 16.—The debate on the silver bill continued till 4 A. M. A number of amendments were proposed, one to make contracts payable in coin except where stipulated otherwise. The vote was [illegible] nays

Upon Blaine's amendment to make the dollar of 425 grains the vote stood [illegible] nays

Amendment by Eaton making a dollar 440 grains was lost—15 ayes, 42 nays

The vote upon the proposition by Cameron of Wisconsin making the silver dollar of 420 grains received [illegible] ayes against [illegible] in the negative.

An attempt by Whyte of Maryland to limit the amount for which silver should be a legal tender to $50 was defeated 19 to 45

Booth's amendment providing for the issue of coin certificates to the value of $10 and more was adopted—39 to 24

Sargent moved an amendment making silver dollars payable for all debts but interest on the public debt and duties on imports. Lost—18 to 4

At 4 A. M. the bill as amended passed the senate 48 yeas 21 nays

THE VOTE

Yeas—Messrs. Allison, Armstrong, Bailey, Beck, Booth, Bruce, Cameron of Pennsylvania, Cameron of Wisconsin, Chaffee, Cockrell, Cook, Conover, Davis of Illinois, Davis of West Virginia, Dennis, Dorsey, Eustis, Ferry, Garland, Gordon, Grover, Hereford, Howe, Ingalls, Johnston, Jones of Nevada, Jones of Florida, Kellogg, Kirkwood, McCreery, McDonald, McMillan, Matthews, Maxey, Merrimon, Morgan, Oglesby, Paddock, Plumb, Saulsbury, Saunders, Spencer, Teller, Thurman, Voorhees, Wallace, Windom and Withers—48

Nays—Messrs. Anthony, Barnum, Bayard, Blaine, Burnside, Christiancy, Conkling, Dawes, Edmunds, Hamlin, Hoar, Kernan, Lamar, McPherson, Mitchell, Morrill, Randolph, Rollins, Sargent, Wadleigh and Whyte—21

Harris and Patterson who would have voted in the affirmative were paired with Hill and Butler who would have voted in the negative. Ransom who would have voted in the affirmative was absent on account of sickness

TEXT OF THE BILL

The following is the full text of the bill as passed

Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled

Section 1. That there shall be coined at the several mints of the United States silver dollars of the weight of 412½ grains Troy of standard silver as provided in the act of January 18 1877 on which shall be the devices and superscription provided by said act which coin together with all silver dollars heretofore coined by the United States of like weight and fineness shall be a legal tender at their nominal value for all debts and dues public and private, except where otherwise expressly and stipulated in the contract and the secretary of the treasury is authorized and directed to purchase from time to time silver bullion at the market price thereof not less than $2 000 000 worth per month, nor more than $4,000 000 worth per month and cause the same to be coined monthly as fast as so purchased into such dollars and a sum sufficient to carry out the foregoing provisions of this act is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated and any gain or seigniorage arising from this coinage shall be accounted for and paid into the treasury as provided under existing laws relative to subsidiary coinage provided that the amount of money at any one time invested in such silver bullion exclusive of such resulting coin shall not exceed $5 000 000 and provided further that nothing in this act shall be construed to authorize the payment in silver of certificates of deposit issued under the provision of section 254 of the revised statutes.

Sec. 2. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

Sec. 3. That immediately after the passage of this act the president shall invite the governments of the countries composing the Latin Union so called, and of such other European nations as he may deem advisable to join the United States in conference to adopt a common ratio between gold and silver for the purpose of establishing, internationally, the use of bimetallic money and securing a fixity of relative value between those metals. Such conference to be held at such place in Europe or in the United States, at such time within six months as may be mutually agreed upon by the executives of the governments so invited or any three of them which shall have signified their willingness to unite in the same. The president shall by and with the advice and consent of the Senate appoint three commissioners who shall attend such conference on behalf of the United States and shall report the doings thereof to the president who shall transmit the same to congress. Said commissioners shall each receive the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars and their reasonable expenses to be approved by the secretary of state the amount necessary to pay such compensation and expenses is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated

Sec 4. That any holder of this coin authorized by this act may deposit the same with the treasurer or any assistant treasurer of the United States in sums not less than $10 and receive therefor certificates of not less than $10 each corresponding with the denomination of U S notes. The coin deposited for or representing the certificates shall be retained in the treasury for payment of the same on demand. Said certificates shall be receivable for customs taxes and all public dues, and when so received may be reissued.

The Senate's Action on the Silver Bill

Washington Feb 16.—The senate's decisive action on the silver bill has been the universal theme of conversation in Washington all day and throughout the evening and the vastly preponderating sentiment is that of more or less pronounced satisfaction. This feeling has been strengthened and extended by the news from New York that in the face of the last action, assuring the enactment of the bill gold has fallen and government bonds have risen in value as compared with quotations of yesterday when the passage of the bill by the senate by a two thirds vote was considered extremely doubtful. There seems to be practically no doubt that the house will promptly concur in the senate amendments, and it is considered probable that the motion for concurrence may be made and adopted next Monday under suspension of the rules. Some objections are urged by certain members against the course on the ground that it would prevent any discussion or separate action on the senate amendments, two of which are not wholly acceptable to all the silver men in the house but these objections are not likely to prevail further than possibly to procure an order for discussion but would have to be accepted or rejected as an entirety. No essential alteration of the terms of the bill as passed by the senate is anticipated even if it goes to the conference committee and the whole present probabilities strongly favor its being laid before the president early next week without any further change whatever. Washington opinions are about equally divided as to whether the president will veto the bill or allow it to become a law without his signature although some of its enthusiastic friends confidently predict he will acquiesce in the action of two thirds of both houses by returning it with his formal approval. In the event of a veto however there is no room whatever for doubt that his veto will be overruled. The vote of the full senate exclusive of Sharon will be 51 against 24 on the question of overruling the veto of this bill. The correctness of this calculation is evident by adding to the 48 votes actually cast for the bill the votes of Harris and Patterson paired and Ransom who was sick but known to be enthusiastically in favor of the bill, and similarly rejoining in connection with the 21 negative votes the votes of Hill and Butler who were paired with Harris and Patterson and that of Eaton, an anti silver senator who was absent. The 21 negative votes cannot possibly be increased. Their distribution geographically is as follows 12 from New England, 2 from New York, 2 from New Jersey, 1 from Delaware, 1 from Maryland, 1 from South Carolina, 1 one from Georgia, 1 from Mississippi, 1 from Michigan, 1 from Oregon, and one from California. Divided—politically there would be fourteen Republicans to 10 Democrats to sustain the veto and 24 Republicans and 27 Democratic senators ready to pass the bill over it. Davis of Illinois being for the purposes of this calculation as he may in fact be practically considered for all others classed as a Democrat

Washington Feb 17.—The senate silver bill will be sent to the house to morrow being already engrossed for that purpose. It is understood the provisions of the bill as passed by the senate are generally acceptable to a majority in the house, though members in favor of a limited coinage will undoubtedly urge a modification of the paragraph restricting coinage to the minimum of two million and a maximum of four million monthly. Indications at present are that the two houses will unite upon a measure which can be passed over the veto. Friends of the bill will probably hold a [illegible]

The Senate Amendments

[illegible]

of the treasury department [illegible] silver bill informed [illegible] that prior to the adoption of this amendment it was the intention of the department to [illegible] silver [illegible] consequences of the enactment of the silver bill upon the public credit had been vastly exaggerated. It [illegible] that the silver [illegible] provided by Booth's amendment [illegible] receivable for public dues only, will practically be accepted as full legal tenders for all private debts and be employed in business transactions to precisely the same extent as national bank notes

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

CALIFORNIA

Accidentally Killed

San Francisco Feb 15.—John Bradley was instantly killed at the Potrero this afternoon by a blow from the arm of a windlass with which he was moving a boiler. Deceased was a native of Ireland aged 23

Lone Pine Tragedy.

A private letter from Cerro Gordo details a recent tragedy at Lone Pine on the 10th inst. As far as can be learned John Tamotero packer and a Mexican were attempting some liberties with Indian squaws when a buck Indian interfered with them and was shot by the Mexican. They then ran to the Davimez saloon, shut themselves in and put out the lights. Thomas Passmore was summoned to arrest the murderer and went to the saloon for that purpose. Those inside opened the door and as he entered three shots were fired at him killing him instantly. As soon as it was learned that Passmore had been killed the saloon was surrounded by fifty or sixty men who began firing into it. One of the occupants named [illegible] ran out and was riddled with buckshot. He is said to have been a hard character, and was suspected of having killed a man named Jones. The house was kept surrounded all night and in the morning the remaining occupants were secured and the writer significantly adds "I suppose they made quick work of them." It is understood four or five were killed altogether. Great excitement prevailed over the tragedy especially at the murder of Passmore in the discharge of his duty

The Weather

Cloudy to night with prospect of more rain

The Bonanza Firm

San Francisco Feb 16.—The *Chronicle* this morning publishes the legal certificate of partnership of Flood & O'Brien filed with the county clerk January 16 1878 and says the document establishes the fact that Flood & O'Brien have resumed exclusive partnership and that the bonanza quartette has been dissolved. Inquiry at the office of Flood & O'Brien shows that the certificate as filed is merely to cover the legal point that no change whatever has occurred in the business relations of members of the bonanza firm

Marine Disaster.

The ship *Otago* just arrived from the northern coast, reports that on February 9th in latitude 41 0 north, longitude 125 34 west, she passed a vessel bottom up which, from a portion of the name decipherable on the stern is supposed to be the schooner *Johanna*, M Brock, running between this port and Humboldt Bay. No tidings have been obtained of the fate of the crew

Death of a Legislator.

Sacramento Feb 15.—Assemblyman Robert Lidgate of Amador, died to-night. He was in his usual health during the day, and was at a committee meeting to-night when he went to his rooms. He was taken suddenly ill and died soon after

Fire

Bodie Feb 16.—Wednesday night a fire broke out in the restaurant and boarding house of San Chung King street near Gibson's and Barber's stores, which at one time threatened the destruction of the entire town. A terrific snow storm with a gale of wind was prevailing at the time but fortunately the wind was blowing from a direction unfavorable to the spread of fire. Through the energy of the citizens the flames were subdued after the total destruction of two large frame buildings. Loss about $10,000, said to be insured

Mining News.

Rapid advancement is being made in the development of mines and new and important strikes are daily reported. The discovery of rich ore in the shaft of Bechtel mine was recently made. Samples taken from it assayed from $500 to $13 000 per ton

Heavy snow storms accompanied by severe gales of wind, continue almost without interruption

Great Storm.

San Francisco Feb 17.—There has been a very heavy storm during the last 24 hours extending throughout the state. A dispatch from Jackson, Amador county says By the rise of Jackson creek half the Chinese quarter was swept away. Eight Chinamen and two women are known to be drowned. Considerable minor destruction of property is reported from various quarters. The upper Sacramento river is very high and a flood is feared

NEVADA.

Rejoicing Silverites.

Austin, Feb 16.—It is Fourth of July in Austin. The fire and church bells are ringing, guns firing, and fireworks being burned in the rejoicing over the passage of the silver bill.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

A Heavy Gale.

Victoria Feb 16.—A terrific gale from the southeast is now raging. No serious damage on shore is reported, but as the wind is increasing shipping in the Straits and Royal Roads will be in much peril

Ministry Sustained.

The ministry were sustained on a test vote in the house by 14 to 11

Funeral Obsequies.

The obsequies of Pius IX. were celebrated at the cathedral yesterday before a large concourse of people

Board of Trade.

The chamber of commerce are about to form themselves into a board of trade

Shipping Intelligence.

The bark *Cassadra Adams* with Douglas coal and the bark *Rosie* with Wellington coal have sailed from Nanaimo for San Francisco

Collision of Vessels.

Between 12 and 1 o'clock Sunday the American steam tug *Tacoma*, while going alongside the coal laden bark *Lord Talbot* lying at the Wellington Mine wharf, Nanaimo struck her just forward of admid hips, staving in a number of the bark's planks. The accident was caused by a misunderstanding of the bells. The captain claims that he rang the bell to back her while the engineer claims that the signal was to go ahead at full steam. However the steamer went with full force against the bark and had she been empty would have gone clean through her. Fortunately she was loaded with [illegible] to stand the shock. Captain [illegible] thinks that [illegible] has discharged [illegible] bark [illegible] that he will be able to list enough to repair the injury. During the collision a [illegible] took place between the captain and the [illegible] The steamer *Tacoma* and both [illegible]

WEST INDIES

The Cuban War

Havana [illegible] Captain General Jovellar [illegible] Gen Martinez Campos [illegible] is supposed upon a [illegible] arrangement for peace

The *Plaindealer* says that Pair Oaks situated [illegible] eight miles east of Oakland [illegible] is a fine spot [illegible] A flouring mill is to be erected, a post office has been applied for and a store and blacksmith shop have been established

THE WAR IN THE EAST.

A General Review of the Situation—English Blunders and Humiliation. Russian Diplomacy her Greatest Safeguard

London [illegible]—The military situation as well as the diplomatic connection with the eastern question becomes more interesting and complicated than ever. Still it is simple enough upon thoughtful review. England in forcing her fleet through the Dardanelles despite Turkish protest has abandoned the [illegible] and repudiated the treaty of Paris, hitherto claimed as her pretext for attempting to restrain a Russian advance towards India's back door. This naval demonstration was also an active act of invasive war against Turkey as well as a threatening defiance of the conqueror who has become the Sultan's temporary sovereign. It is admitted that the situation looks squally and yet the fact that there is no panic in English funds confirms and justifies the cool conviction among the politicians here that after all there is no real anticipation that war will break out anew or involve new parties. The British minister had undertaken to bully Russia as the cheapest method of protecting English interests supposed to be bound up with the Ottoman empire. The snubbing which England thus provoked seriously wounded British pride and finally has maddened the English masses who reason from impulse rather than conviction. In this condition of affairs the government found it could keep control of the situation at home only by a bold step abroad. It took that step in dispatching its fleet to the Sea of Marmora, but the firmness of consols, and the conciliatory war deprecating tone of to day's *Times* alike indicate that there is no real intention on the part of the British government to force fighting at Constantinople under circumstances that would almost certainly result in renewed British humiliation as well as serious loss of prestige and prosperity to say nothing of human lives. True, undoubtedly brave England sometimes fights without counting the cost, but unless Russia proves less sagaciously prudent in future than in the past England has played her last card prior to the peace conference. Having herself committed an act of war against Turkey, England's notice that Russia will be responsible for the consequence if the latter take steps towards Constantinople in order to secure what she has already won by the contest, must be remarked as mere *brutum fulmen*

England has advanced by sea to conquered Turkey's sea coast and so Russian arms will advance to the same point on land. The very extreme delicacy and danger of this situation to both parties must render both cautious and conservative. Thinking men perceive that Russia, with her army already on the spot, is too much for England upon the land. Should England practically show a determination to force war with Russia by attempting to follow her fleet with transport ships and troops, Russia would be justified in destroying the iron clads before the troops could be brought into effective position. It would take but a few hours to make the straits impassable for British vessels by the use of torpedoes, without resort to artillery from the shore. Again, England is assailable in her great commerce, and in India and Egypt she stands alone without an ally. Turkey seeks shelter now under her conqueror and foe. Austria has received the wink from Berlin and it is announced accordingly that the imperial alliance remains intact. War for England however brave under such circumstances, means only defeat, and so it will not be accepted. These considerations are the secret of the profound indifference with which the London exchange views the situation. I repeat only some accident can widen the field of war, and Russia in diplomacy will give England no opportunity of strengthening either her moral and military influence in controlling the solution to be reached. The strength of the secret alliance between Germany and Austria and Russia is further indicated by the fact that Russia, always prudent, and though without adequate means of reinforcement by sea, trusts her great army near Constantinople with no line of supply except that in its rear. It is inconceivable that the czar would take this risk except under guarantees that his communications shall not be threatened by any continental power. The fact that England violates the treaty of Paris is against them no less than against Russia. The Porte certainly give no new title to continental support. It is not impossible that she may even be compelled to negotiate for the escape of the British fleet from the precarious position in which a vacillating and finally blundering policy has placed it

Special Mission.

Vienna Feb 15.—It is reported the Austrian minister of finance will proceed to London on a special mission

German Influence.

Berlin Feb 15.—A request was received from St Petersburg yesterday that German influence would make itself felt. That influence cannot be but peaceful in spite of all its ser ions to the contrary and the relations existing between these imperial courts not only place all idea of any coolness arising between them entirely out of the question, but also offer sure guarantee for the maintenance of general peace.

Philo-English Turks.

Paris Feb 15.—The correctness of the following from Constantinople is guaranteed. To prevent the Turks from firing on the fleet England was obliged to give assurances that it came for the protection of Turkish as well as British interests. There was at first some talk of a small Philo English party among the Turks resisting Russian occupation, but perseverance in this intention is most improbable.

Dissuading the Russians.

Vanyk Pasha has gone to the Russian headquarters charged to endeavor to dissuade Grand Duke Nicholas from occupying Constantinople. The Russians on Friday morning occupied the Samidit redoubt, which is a part of the Constantinople line of defense

Austria will Consent to Conditional Occupation.

Although Austria has remonstrated against the occupation of Constantinople she will not abandon her present attitude if occupation is accomplished peacefully and with the consent of Turkey. Russia has notified the porte that she has prevailed upon Greece to adopt a pacific attitude

Headquarters Removed.

Constantinople, Feb 15.—The headquarters of the Turkish army of defense has been removed to Stefando. The Turks are hurriedly erecting earthworks on the Kujuk Chekemedja line of defense

The Sultan's Backbone Stiffens.

St Petersburg Jan 15.—It is stated that peace negotiations are now practically interrupted for since the appearance of British men of war in the Sea of Marmora Turkish plenipotentiaries declare that complete autonomy for Bulgaria is inadmissible. The statement may be regarded as official. It probably means that the porte objects to the extent of territory which Russia wishes included in Bulgaria. Russia in deference to Austria is willing to limit the time of occupation of Bulgaria to the maximum of two years and will consent to the reorganization of Bulgaria by the international commission [illegible] that the sultan's direct jurisdiction [illegible] should be limited to the strip of territory on the shore of the straits

The Conqueror Comes as a Friend.

Pera Feb 16.—It is generally expected that Grand Duke Nicholas will enter Constantinople with a portion of his army but will come as the friend of the nation and with the consent of the sultan

How Russians Regard a War with England.

In the Russian camp the renewal of hostilities is discussed as more probable than peace and every effort is being adopted to consolidate the Russian advance. War with England would be very popular with the army though officers speak of it gravely as a terrible struggle. In this state of feeling if we have to begin again, say Russian officers, nothing could save Constantinople from destruction. There would not be left one stone upon another

Violation of the European Compact.

St Petersburg, Feb 15.—The announcement of the arrival of the British fleet at Constantinople has created intense feeling. It is looked upon as an act of war—as a defiance of the compact of the European powers

Audience with the Sultan

Constantinople, Feb 16.—The British ambassador had an audience with the sultan last night to explain England's policy to his majesty

Namyak Pasha's Instructions.

Constantinople Feb 16.—It is reported that Namyak Pasha who has gone to the Russian headquarters charged to dissuade Grand Duke Nicholas from occupying Constantinople is also instructed to endeavor to induce the Russian plenipotentiaries to reduce certain fresh peace conditions of very onerous character demanded by Russia

A Congress, not a Conference.

Vienna, Feb 16.—According to intelligence from a trustworthy source, a congress, not a conference, is certain. It will probably be held at Baden Baden, which place Austria has proposed.

The Czar Recedes.

New York, Feb 16.—A dispatch from London says it is authoritatively stated that in consequence of representations made by Austria backed by Germany, the czar of Russia has abandoned the idea of occupation of Constantinople

Siege of Platana.

Athens Feb 16.—A strong body of insurgents are besieging Platana

Movement of Greek Troops.

Thessaly, Feb, 16.—The Turkish reinforcements from Armigroo have been repulsed. Seven hundred Greek volunteers crossed the frontier yesterday, and a considerable number left Piraeus last evening for Lamana

Platana Taken.

Athens Feb 16.—The Thessalian insurgents took Platana to-day. It is supposed they will not be able to hold it.

Hostilities in Crete.

Hostilities are breaking out in all districts of Crete. Insurgents are taking possession of block houses and strongholds under the flag of union with Greece

British get further Off.

Constantinople, Feb 16.—The British fleet has been withdrawn to Mudiana Bay, forty miles south of Constantinople. This movement is attributed to a desire on the part of England to facilitate negotiations to prevent the entry of the Russians.

Instructions to Namyk Pasha have been revoked and he has not gone to Adrianople.

General Assent to a Congress.

London, Feb, 16.—All the powers, including Russia, have assented to a congress at Baden Baden

Vienna Correspondence.

The Vienna *Politische Correspondence* says Negotiations were only delayed by the sudden acuteness of the relations of England and Russia. The czar and sultan are actually exchanging personal and friendly dispatches. It is expected peace will be signed by the time the congress meets, namely, in two or three weeks.

Grave Situation.

A Vienna telegram says: Notwithstanding the prospect of a congress the situation is still considered grave. It is rumored England has made overtures for an understanding and arrangements with Austria. The latter is negotiating a loan with the Rothschilds.

Russians Ordered from Gallipoli.

St Petersburg, Feb 16.—The *Agence Russe* says orders have been sent to the Russian headquarters not to occupy Gallipoli

Sulina Evacuated.

Pera, Feb 16.—The Turkish squadron arrived Friday, bringing stores and torpedoes from Sulina, which has been evacuated.

A Question for the United States.

London, Feb. 16.—The *Observer*, believes Russia has represented to England that the U. S as a great maritime power should participate in the congress. England has not objected but taken advantage of the proposal to suggest that Greece also be allowed to take part in the congress

Removal of Mussulmans Desired.

It is stated Russia has suggested to the porte the desirability of removing the Mussulman population from Bulgaria

Where Greece Would Stand.

Advices from Athens indicate that the Greek government is likely to ally itself to England in event of a war between the latter and Russia

Thessalian Insurrection.

Athens, Feb 17.—Small engagements between the Turks and insurgents in Thessaly continue to occur. It is announced that several thousand Turks left Volo to prevent further insurgent advance. The Greek government decided to immediately call out the second reserve of 10,000 men, also to form 20 battalions of light infantry.

French Vessels for the Dardanelles.

Paris, Feb. 17.—Two ironclads from the French squadron at Smyrna have gone to the entrance of the Dardanelles

The Russian Advance.

London, Feb. 18.—Up to Sunday evening the foreign office had received no official information indicating a Russian advance on Constantinople or Gallipoli.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

New York dispatch, 9th. The New York Presbytery's monthly meeting this week ordained Rev John G Brady as the first missionary of the General Assembly to Alaska.

Bishop Sugden of the Free Church of England, has gone over to the Reformed Episcopal Church, and become the coadjutor of Bishop Gregg, who was also ordained in the United States.

The *Episcopal Church Journal* says By common consent the thirty nine articles have ceased to be considered binding. They are used to point a jest occasionally but a citation of one of them as authoritative would be met with smiles.

The Baptist church of Binghampton, New York, has invited Col. Bob Ingersoll to lecture before them for the benefit of the funds of the church. The New York *Observer* says this reminds one of the mode by which Judas earned his 30 pieces of silver. Its betrayal of their Master to be crucified afresh, puts it to open shame

Since last report the Protestant Episcopal diocese for Michigan and Nebraska have voted for and Florida against the confirmation of the election of Rev Dr Seymour. Of the total forty eight dioceses twenty three have voted for and eleven against besides the ties in the northern Ohio diocese, which is practically another negative

There is a large falling off in the income of the American Bible Society. Its work involves an annual expenditure of $580 000 which is about the average amount received yearly for the last seven years. During last year the contributions received from the living were $65 885, and from legacies $188 013 but during nine months of the current year only $80 167 has been received from congregations individuals auxiliaries and only $71 957 from legacies. As the expenditures thus far exceed the receipts by more than $50 000, prompt and generous contributions are required

The Most Nearly Complete on the List

[From the Roseburg Plaindealer]

The Daily Oregonian commenced its 18th volume last week. It is a journal of news, among the foremost papers of the Pacific states, if not in the union. Its columns are daily chock full of what is going on all over the world. As a newspaper The Oregonian is the nearest complete of any on our list and certainly would be a welcome visitor to any household

OREGON.

Not a flake of snow has fallen at Coos Bay for two years

W H Tate late of California has bought D J Cooper's farm near Silverton paying $10,000 for it

Captain Parker is raising a subscription at Coos Bay for building a jetty at the mouth of Coquille to confine the channel

The question at Eugene City is whether or not the common council shall appropriate $100 for the purpose of buying fire-proof hats for the town's fire boys.

U S District Attorney Mallory has bought the fine horse White Prince of W C Myer of Ashland. He has sent him to Umatilla county, where Mr Mallory it is said is going into the stock business.

The Yreka *Journal* says The citizens of Surprise valley are circulating petitions to have that portion of Modoc county, annexed to Roop county, Nevada, which, if accomplished, may probably induce the remainder of Modoc to petition for annexation to Lake county, Oregon.

On Thursday last the Woman Suffrage Association, in session at Albany, elected officers for the ensuing year, with Mrs A. J. Duniway, of Portland, as president; Mrs. Loughary, of Salem, recording secretary, Mrs. Martin, corresponding secretary, and Mrs. Reed, treasurer, C. A. Reed and Mrs. Kelly were elected as executive committee. The place of holding the next annual meeting was fixed at Astoria.

Last Thursday evening at Salem a man went into the market of West & McGregor and purchased some meat. In payment for the same he gave the boy in charge a one cent coin which was defaced, and which he said was $2 50. The boy gave him the change and he departed. When the fraud was discovered search was made for the guilty party, and the boy pointed out a young man named Charles Morrison as the person. He was arrested and is held to answer, not being able to procure bail

THE TERRITORIES.

Chas. Eisenbeis has been elected mayor of Port Townsend. There were 127 votes thrown.

A good many married couples in the vicinity of Olympia have been separating of late, and the prospect is good for numerous divorce suits.

Olympia *Transcript*: It is to be hoped that the people will see that proper delegates are sent to the constitutional convention, notwithstanding the efforts of the leaders of both parties to send their pets. The proposition to send the district judges is seconded by the people's wishes, and the people must act if they expect to send good men.

Port Townsend *Argus*: At the "potlatch," given by a number of Clallam Indians during the past week, about $1,300 in money was given away besides a very large lot of calico and sundry "ictas" There were in attendance only about 550 Indians, some from Vancouver's Island having been prevented from coming by the stormy weather.

An overhauling at Steilacoom of the affairs of Pierce county shows that the treasurer is about $3,000 behindhand, most of which comes from altering the figures in orders. It is stated by Seattle papers that on complaint of Downey, the defaulting treasurer, Mr. Jacob Hoover has been arrested; but the *Intelligencer* says the evidence goes to exculpate him.

EUROPEAN NAVIES.

The St. Louis *Republican* summarizes as follows the strength of the principal European navies, including only the iron clad vessels, wooden vessels not being taken into the account:

England has 34 line of battle ships, 24 turret ships, 8 "compromise" ships, 3 floating batteries and 2 rams. Total, 68. Total tonnage, 412,231. Total indicated horse-power, 269,788. Total number of guns, 725. The number of sailors of all classes, officers included, in time of peace is about 35,000.

France has 22 line of battle ships, 10 ordinary station service ships, 16 coast defense ships and 5 river service ships. Total, 53. Total tonnage, 230,513. Total nominal horse-power, 25 209. Total number of guns 481. Number of sailors, probably about 25,000.

Germany has 11 line of battle ships, 1 ordinary station service ship, and 3 coast defense ships. Total, 15. Total tonnage, 83,868. Total nominal horse power, 11,950. Total number of guns, 172. Number of sailors, about 7,000

Austria has 11 line of battle ships, 2 ordinary station service ships and 2 coast defense ships, Total, 15. Total tonnage, 60,605. Total nominal horse power, about 9,160. Total number of guns, 144. Number of sailors, on war footing, about 13,000.

Russia has 8 line of battle ships, 1 ordinary station service ship, 21 coast defense ships and 2 "Popoffkas." Total, 32. Total tonnage, 103,015. Total nominal horse-power, 6,620. Total number of guns, 215. Number of sailors, about 64,002.

Turkey has 8 line of battle ships, 11 ordinary station service ships, 7 coast defense ships and 4 river service ships. Total, 30. Total tonnage not given. Total nominal horse power, 12,150. Total number of guns, 175. Number of sailors, about 30,000.

Italy has 12 line of battle ships, 7 ordinary station service ships, coast defense ships not given. Total tonnage, about 121,000. Total nominal horse-power, 18,200. Total number of guns, 228. Number of sailors, about 12,300.

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The Daily Oregonian.

MONDAY MORNING, FEB. 18, 1878.

THE NEWEST WAY TO PAY OLD DEBTS.

Among those who are furnishing proof of their utter mystification on the subject of "paying" the national debt with greenbacks the *Standard* hastens to enroll; and in an effort to answer the statement that government cannot pay an interest-bearing debt with a non-interest bearing promise, says: "This would be very good logic if the notes themselves did not represent a value." What value? Simply the government's promise to pay actual money. It is only the promise to redeem them in the money of the world that gives them any value whatever; and they have appreciated simply as the ability of the government to redeem them has become more and more apparent.

Two methods are suggested of "paying" the national debt with greenbacks. One of them proposes to print greenbacks enough at once, and force them upon national creditors in exchange for their bonds. This would be a thorough and logical method of carrying out the greenback scheme. It would simply be repudiation of the entire debt; for there would be no hope that so great an amount of greenbacks would be redeemed; no time for redemption would be or could be specified, and as holders would receive no interest the greenback would not possess a single quality of value. But if the assertion of the *Standard* that the greenback represents a value and ought to be forced on the public creditor in exchange for his bonds be correct, this method of "paying" the national debt with cart loads of irredeemable stuff would be payment in law and equity and fact. The other method proposed is to issue only greenbacks enough to take the place of national bank notes, retire the latter, and then commence "paying" the public debt with greenbacks. This might not be so sweeping a method of confiscation as the other, but in principle it would be exactly the same. The chance that the government might sometime redeem six or seven hundred millions of greenbacks would not be so hopeless as the chance of its redeeming two thousand millions; but the act would so completely destroy the national credit that neither bonds nor greenbacks would have any value worth mentioning.

But suppose the volume of greenbacks were not increased at all, and government should begin to call in its bonds, give greenbacks in exchange, and let it be known that this policy would be followed till all the bonds were taken up. What would be the consequence? First, greenbacks would depreciate at once, because the adoption of the policy would be notice to everybody that redemption of them in the money of the world was indefinitely postponed. Observe that the sole reason why they are now approaching so near the gold standard is the belief that resumption will be effected next year. But postpone resumption, give notice that the greenback is not to be redeemed till after the bonds are first "paid off" by this method of giving promissory notes for them, and the greenback goes down at once. Holders of national securities would get in exchange for their interest bearing bonds notes bearing no interest, whose redemption was remote and uncertain, and whose value therefore would be lowered correspondingly. Remaining a legal tender, the depreciated greenback would swindle all creditors, would inflate prices again and lead us through just such a dance as we have had already to our cost. Finally, after the bonds were got out of the way and there came a probability that government would be able to redeem the greenback, it would rise in value again, prices would recede, hard times would set in, people would be crushed by being obliged to pay in dear money debts contracted in cheap money; and every step from the beginning to the end of the whole scheme would be a disaster to one or another class of people and to the country itself. Everybody would be swindled, and the last who held the greenbacks would get hard money for them; for ultimately they must be redeemed. The real value of the national debt, if it were understood that it was to be discharged in this way, would not be greater than the nominal value of the volume of greenbacks. There are of greenbacks outstanding, say $360,000,000. Now if government is going to use this part of its debt to pay the other and greater part, it is apparent that it will pay its whole debt of two thousand millions with just what it will take to redeem the greenbacks at last, that is to say, $360,000,000 in gold, or rather in silver, since silver is now to be forced as the standard. Thus government by a process of thimble-rigging, by changing the form of its debt and by going through the farce of making one part of the debt pay another, would discharge the whole at last, having paid out only just silver enough to redeem the greenbacks. This is the cheapest and newest of all ways to pay old debts.

The above is presented on the supposition that the policy of "paying" the debt in greenbacks should be enforced; but it will not be enforced, because it is the most unspeakable absurdity that ever was or ever could be suggested. The proposition to substitute one form of debt for another and call it paid, is only for a lunatic asylum. The humbug of a silver standard, ridiculous as it is, is the essence of wisdom beside it. This greenback scheme unfolds a system of finance never heard of till our day. Never before was it supposed that a debtor could discharge his obligations by substitution of one evidence of his debts for another. If government can do it, so can an individual. The *Standard*, if it has any notes outstanding, can just call them in and give others for them, and the whole thing is paid. Our state debt can be paid the same way. It is inconceivable that men not straightway deemed insane should seriously urge this project of substituting one part of the national debt for another, and then supposing it "paid" by the exchange. But whatever may be the popular folly on this subject, there are tribunals which will adjudge the question and prevent the consummation of a scheme so utterly preposterous.

ILLEGAL PERQUISITES.

There has been much complaint of the illegal salaries and perquisites of state officers, and a proposition has been heard in some quarters that the state bring suits against such officers for recovery of the money. But in what condition are our state judges to render just judgment in such suits? Article thirteen of the constitution of Oregon provides that,—

> The judges of the supreme court shall receive an annual salary of two thousand dollars. They shall receive no fees or perquisites whatever for the performance of any duties connected with their respective offices.

To salaries thus expressly prescribed and limited, and guarded in the most positive terms by the constitution itself against increase by indirect methods of fees and perquisites, which experience had shown was a favorite device for nullifying even direct inhibitions upon increase of official pay, the legislature of 1872 was induced to add $1,000 a year; and ever since, the judges have drawn three thousand dollars a year each, beginning with the "back pay" of the quarter half expired when the bill passed. The act of 1872 is as follows:

> Sec. 1. That there be and hereby is allowed to each of the several justices of the supreme court doing circuit duty the sum of one thousand dollars per annum to defray travelling and other incidental expenses to which said justices may be subjected in the execution of their official duties.
>
> Sec. 2. That the secretary of state be and he is required to draw quarterly warrants upon the treasurer in favor of said justices, the same to be paid to said justices out of any funds not otherwise appropriated.
>
> Sec. 3. That the first warrants drawn by virtue of this act shall be for the quarter ending Nov. 30, 1872.
>
> Approved Oct. 17, 1872.

This can hardly be called an evasion of the constitution; it is a plain, open infraction of it. The travelling to the places of holding court and paying expenses of such travel is one of the "duties connected with their office." There are no other "incidental expenses" connected with their "prescribed duties" to which the justices can be subjected. It is an open, defiant breach of the constitution. An act increasing the salary of the governor to $5,000 a year would not be more so. The bill was opposed as being unconstitutional, but was lobbied through. An earnest effort to repeal it at the next session was defeated in the same manner. No one has ever doubted its unconstitutionality, not even the judges who receive the money. With it in their pockets with what grace could they hold that other state officials have received more compensation than the constitution allows? Is it to be presumed they could be possessed of the courage to so decide? Lincoln used to tell a little story of a client who was triumphantly acquitted of a charge of hog stealing after having been most positively proven guilty. When Lincoln asked him how it happened he replied, "It's all easy: 'leven of them jurors had some of the pork."

It is not a question to be considered now whether the salary fixed by the constitution be too small for the services required, or otherwise. The *fact* is that two thousand dollars is all the *lawful* compensation they can have. The example in the case of the judges is a pernicious one because they *are* judges. It affords an excuse and defence of every conceivable scheme to override the constitution in order to get at the public treasury. Let us amend the instrument if need be, but obey it always as it stands.

The Yamhill *Courier* is unhappy because it has made the discovery that there is in this country "a money power more potent than the will of the people." We believe that, but we don't think it any new thing. The money power, since the memory of the oldest man began, has held on to its ducats, and the will of the people has not been able to get at them. If the *Courier* and ourselves wanted money, just as likely as not we should be unfeelingly refused; and the more urgent our needs and the less security we might have to offer, the greater the certainty that we should not get the money. Yes, it is too true; the money power does prevail over the will of the people. And this thought is the iron that enters our souls. If the will of the people could prevail over the money power, fewer of us would be "hard up." There is need of a new and thorough going reform party, composed exclusively of men who have nothing and want everything. Such party must have courage to urge complete reform, and make every man who has anything shell out. And here in Oregon we especially want a plank in the platform which shall give our rural friends assurance of a high price for their wheat and at the same time furnish us poor consumers in the towns with cheap bread. While we are at it, we may as well have the genuine article of reform, and refuse to be put off with any half-way measures.

It was our prediction that the presidential mind couldn't long endure the excitement into which it suffered itself to be betrayed when it became aware of the returning board prosecutions. The strain was too great, and there was sure to be a rebound. A policy so vigorous could not possibly last beyond a few days. Mr. Hayes therefore will recall his letter on the subject, resume his policy of reconciliation and leave the men who made him president to their fate. It is not announced, however, that he will leave the office to which he was elevated by the acts which condemn them to the penitentiary. He has made himself ridiculous by taking any notice of these prosecutions. He should have seen from the first that he could do nothing. A dispatch states that very few who supported Mr. Tilden have any other feeling than that of contempt for the ex-candidate. To maintain strict equilibrium of justice the same thing ought to have been said about those who supported Mr. Hayes.

The silver bill as passed by the senate differs in some particulars from that passed by the house. It must now go back to the house, which body is likely to contend for free and unlimited coinage. Differences may yet prevent the bill from becoming a law. The senate is yielding weakly to a senseless and ignorant popular clamor. It sees that the United States cannot hold up silver against the market of the world, and therefore suggests an international conference; but it has not courage to take boldly the position which the universal law, higher than all statutes, namely, the law that regulates the value of a thing by its supply, will enforce at last. The nations which have demonetized silver probably will not participate in any conference, because they don't want silver, see the absurdity of the so-called double standard, and prefer gold.

The Seattle *Dispatch* is mistaken in its statement that Oregon had less than 30,000 inhabitants when admitted as a state. Oregon was admitted in 1859. The census taken in 1860 showed a population of 52,464. The actual population of Oregon at the time of admission was just about 50,000. Washington doubtless has nearly or quite that population now. The gain in the eastern counties continues very rapidly.

Senator Grover voted for the silver bill. He probably wants the "option" of paying off in silver the money he loaned himself out of the Oregon school fund.

Sam. Bowles' Last Words to Senator Dawes.

[Springfield Dispatch in N. Y. Times.]

Mr. Dawes' letter was a touching tribute to his friend. "How many times we have confessed and forgiven each other, and arm in arm traveled on till we stumbled again over some rough rock in our passage, only to rise to minister to each other's bruises. His last words to me shall ever remain ineffaceable on the lintels of my earthly tabernacle. At the close of a long and tender interview by his bedside, a few weeks ago, and while he could yet see and converse with friends, with one hand in his and the other on the latch of the door, which was soon to shut his earthly form from my sight forever, I received these, his farewell words: 'Drop on your knees, Dawes, and thank God you have done a little good in this world, and ask His forgiveness that you have done no more.'"

NOTES AND QUERIES.

SALEM, Feb. 14, 1878.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

Is the word *Czar*, the title by which the emperor of Russia is usually known, the same as the Latin *Cæsar* and the German *Kaiser*? An answer will settle a dispute, or rather satisfy an inquiry in which a number of us here have been participants. J.

ANSWER.

Kaiser is the same word as Cæsar; in Greek written *Kaisar*, whence the form appears to have passed into German. The word czar has usually been supposed to have the same origin, and in many works of reference this is given as its derivation. But modern philology renders this more than doubtful. It is now considered more probable that the word czar is an ancient one among the savage tribes from which the Russians and Poles are descended. Voltaire appears to have been the first who suggested this. That universal man of literature in his History of Charles XII., king of Sweden, says: "The title of czarevitch among the Tartars as well as in Muscovy signifies prince or son of the czar; for the word czar, or tsar, signified king among the ancient Scythians, from whom all these people are descended, and is not derived from the Cæsars of Rome, so long unknown to these barbarians."

ASTORIA, Feb. 8, 1878.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

Whenever a war occurs we find the newspapers talking of "war to the knife." Where does the phrase come from? M. C.

ANSWER.

It seems to have been first used by Palafox, who, when summoned by the French in 1808 to surrender Saragossa, replied with a refusal, coupled with the declaration that the city would resist even unto "war to the knife." And so it did. Byron picked up the expression, and by using it in a piece of his energetic poetry popularized it among all who read and speak English. All our able editors and reporters get it from him.

PORTLAND, Feb. 7, 1878.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

Will you kindly allow space in your columns for the following query? Should the Latin motto or quotation "Finis coronat opus" be rendered as just written, or thus, "Finis opus coronat"? and is the literal translation, "The end shall crown the work"? REX.

ANSWER.

The general method in a Latin sentence is to place the verb last. This, however, is subject to modification, especially by the law of the language which requires such arrangement as will give the most important word in a sentence the leading place. The above sentence can be translated only one way, no matter in what order the words be disposed. The literal translation is "The end crowns the work." We have not time to search for the origin of the phrase, but have an impression that it runs back to an old Greek proverb. Shakspeare has the words, "the end crowns all."

The Military Lesson of Plevna.

[Gen. Todleben to the Representative of a London Journal.]

If Osman Pasha had attempted a sortie earlier, even up to six weeks before the fall of Plevna, he might have saved at least a part of his force. Plevna teaches the lesson that the modern system of defense is quite different from what it used to be, and possesses enormous advantages against an assailant. In order to be able to surround a natural position or an entrenched camp, and at the same time to continue to execute great strategic plans, it is necessary for the assailant to bring twice as many soldiers into the field as are required by the defending army. To take such fortified position by storm is with modern firearms impossible, or at least inopportune. One should never require more of an officer or a soldier, however brave he may be, than it is possible for him to do. Even when such a strategical adventure succeeds, it is a mistake. Thoughtless men may say, let 10,000 troops fall so long as we get the position; but they do not consider that if the position is lost not only that 10,000 men fall, but 50,000 are demoralized. When such a position as Plevna cannot be relieved from without, the besieged army should endeavor at once to withdraw from it as the besiegers can strengthen their circle of fortifications every day until the garrison is forced by hunger to capitulate.

BORN.

At Columbia slough, February 15, to the wife of S. F. Scott, a daughter weight 10 pounds.

DIED.

At her home, near North Yamhill, February 7, 1878, Mrs. Mary A. Gerrish, widow of the late Rev. James Gerrish, aged 76 years.

NEW TO-DAY.

Great Clearance Sale OF DRY GOODS, ETC. at 107 Third street, by JOHN WILSON.

WANTED.

AN EXPERIENCED BROOM MAKER. APPLY to ISAAC CHILBERG, Olympia, W. T. fe186t

Portland Light Battery—Members are requested to be present at their Armory this Monday evening at 7½ o'clock, in full uniform. By order of the Captain. THOMAS MOUNTAIN.

FOR SALE.

WIRE CABLE, SIZE FROM ¼ INCH TO 1¼ inches, any length. Apply at Stark St. Ferry. fe18d1m KNOTT BROS.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A COMPETENT NURSE TO TAKE CARE OF children. Apply south side Madison street, between Sixth and Seventh. fe18d3t

WANTED.

A GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEWORK. Apply on the north side of Morrison, between West Park and Eighth streets. fe18d6t

WANTED.

A FEW RELIABLE AND ENERGETIC AGENTS to solicit orders for small Pictures to be enlarged by the popular "Silvertype" Process. Call immediately or send for circular to D. F. RIEGLE, Room 13, Occidental Hotel. fe15d4t

NOTICE.

ALL BILLS AGAINST THE "LEADING WIND" must be sent in to the undersigned in triplicate before Friday, February 22. fe18d NATH'L INGERSOLL, Agent.

AN ADJOURNED MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Oriental Silver Mining Co. will be held on Tuesday evening, Feb. 19, at the office of D. J. A. Chapman, at 8 o'clock, prompt. By order of the President. fe18d2t

IMPORTED HAVANA CIGARS.

TWO FINE LOTS

Received per steamers "Ancon" and "Chester."

fe18 ISAAC BLUM.

Knights of Pythias Ball,

BY THE

Members of Mystic Lodge No. 2, K. of P.

AT TURN HALLE,

Thursday Evening, Feb. 28, '78.

Price of Admission........................$1 50

Tickets can be procured at Alisky & Hegele's, Wilson & Speck's, from members and Committee.

Reception Committee:

J. H. Boyd,	L. E. Buchanan,
C. C. Phillips,	J. H. Lyon,
Jacob Thompson,	G. A. Alisky.

Floor Committee:

E. J. Jeffery,	Wm. Braden,
G. C. Sears,	John Crouch,
	J. B. Kellogg.

By order Committee of Arrangements.

JUST RECEIVED!

A New Lot of

FRESH IMPORTED CIGARS!

At L. K. G. SMITH'S,

f12d6t Cor. Front and Stark sts.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MARKET THEATER.

FREDERICK W. BERT......................MANAGER

CLOSING OF THE DRAMATIC SEASON—POSITIVELY THE LAST WEEK.

MONDAY EVENING, FEB. 18,

First appearance in Portland of the Post-Scout of the Black Hills,

CAPT. JACK CRAWFORD

And the accomplished Comedienne,

MISS RENA!

In the great sensational Drama, illustrative of Border Life, arranged expressly for Capt. Jack, by the talented young Author, Fred G. Maeder, Esq., entitled

CAPTAIN JACK!

Capt. Jack	Capt. Jack
Kitty Muldoon	Miss Rena
Old Vet	J. T. Robinson

SPECIAL NOTICE.—As other arrangements have been concluded, the Dramatic Season will most positively terminate on Saturday evening next, and this will be the only opportunity of witnessing CAPT. JACK, who during the week will appear in his famous Dramas of Capt. Jack, The Plains, and Kit Carson.

CHARITY FUND FOR

Good Samaritan Orphanage.

A VARIED ENTERTAINMENT FOR THE BENefit of the above fund, consisting of MUSIC, READINGS, LIVING PICTURES, MOTHER GOOSE'S STORIES ILLUSTRATED, MRS. JARLEY'S WAX WORKS, AND AN AMUSING FARCE,

Will be given under the direction of the ladies managers of the Orphanage, on

Wednesday and Thursday Evenings,

Feb. 27th and 28th. Notice of the place where the entertainment will be given, with a complete programme, will be published in due time. 19dtf

BALLS AND PARTIES.

GRAND MASQUERADE

OF THE

Portland Turn Verein,

AT TURN HALLE,

Monday Evening, Feb. 18, 1878.

Prices of Admission:

Gentlemen masked	$2 00
Ladies masked	1 00
Spectators	1 00
Children	15

Seats reserved at Alisky & Hegele's.

Doors open at 7½ P. M. Opening March, 8½ P. M.

Distribution of Prizes at 11½ P. M.

Dancing to begin at 12 P. M.

☞ In order to avoid confusion, spectators must keep off the floor occupied by the masks until after the unmasking.

Doubtful characters positively not allowed.

THE COMMITTEE.

VALENTINES!

VALENTINES!

AT

J. K. GILL & CO'S,

75 First Street.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

MUSICAL COLLEGE.

HAVING SECURED THE SERVICES OF the best Musicians and Teachers in the city we are prepared to give Instructions on the Violin, Piano, Organ, Guitar, &c.

BRASS BANDS TAUGHT.

Best references in the city given.

To those desiring to purchase Pianos, Organs, other Instruments, books, &c., we would state that they would do well to call or address us for assistance in choosing, inasmuch as the same will be given gratis. German, French and Scandinavian languages spoken. All orders for the popular Northwestern Brass and String Band will receive prompt attention. Plays the latest and best music. Prof. Parrish, Prompter. Office, Front and Alder streets, over Beck & Son's store. Address P. O. Box 227.

H. C. KAY. J. H. BRENNER.

State Treasurer's Sixth Notice.

TREASURER'S OFFICE,
SALEM, Feb. 15, 1878.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THERE are funds in the Treasury for the payment of State Warrants classed and numbered as follows:

Warrants of old issue payable from special tax, endorsed prior to Sept. 11, 1874, viz: Nos. 515, 517, 518, 519, 526, 527, 529, 535, 540, 541, 539, 531, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 555, 555, 567, 564, 534, 561, 562, 564, 565, 566, 568, 571, 572, 574, 580, 581.

Warrants of new issue—Nos. 1312, 1314, 1315, 1316, 1317, 1318, 1389, 1311, 1319, 1343, 1282, 1348, 1319, 1316, 1309, 1295, 1313, 1351, 1393, 1354, 1355, 1356, 1011, 1357, 1300, 1862, 1364, 1367, 1359, 1369, 1371, 1310, 1373, 1365, 1374, 1376, 1378, 1380, 1382, 1081, 1385, 1385, 1388, 1389, 1390, 1393, 1400, 1404, 1411, 1412, 1415, 1414, 1416, 1421, 1422, 1425, 1427, 1429, 1432, 1451.

Interest on these warrants will cease after the 16th instant. A. H. BROWN, State Treasurer.

fe16d3w

G. NEIMEYER,

Merchant Tailor,

31 First St., Portland,

Invites the public to inspect his stock of

SEASONABLE GOODS—JUST ARRIVED.

Style and Workmanship Guaranteed.

Workingmen's Laundry.

Southeast corner Third and Market sts., Portland,

J. B. GUILLEMETTE, Proprietor.

WASHING & IRONING DONE to ORDER

NO CHINESE HELP EMPLOYED.

Our Order States are at John Finnen's cigar store, First street, M. J. Gleason's, First street, Oregon Hotel, Ned Chambreau's.

Call and see for yourself. fe16d1m

A GREAT INVENTION!

Lockwood's Portable Steam Oven,

THE BEST COOKING UTENSIL EVER INvented. Burning and scorching of food impossible, and the juices and flavor retained. Rice, Beans, Custards, Oatmeal, Fruits, &c., cooked to perfection. All who have cooking to do should get one. Manufactured and for sale wholesale and retail by M. K. KRIBS & SON, corner of First and Taylor streets, Portland, Oregon. County Rights for sale. ja29d1m

I COLLECT EVERY VARIETY OF CLAIM

ON THE UNITED STATES,

AND SECURE FOR APPLICANTS MAIL, SURveying and other Contracts with the Government. Favorable Bounty, Pension and other laws will be passed this Congress; also a Pension for Mexican Soldiers. For particulars and for legal blanks apply to C. M. CARTER, at Washington, D. C., until July, 1878; after that at Portland, Oregon.

FIRST-RATE LESSONS

IN

GERMAN AND FRENCH

GIVEN BY

DR. PHIL. FOLKMAN,

At Corner Third and B Streets,

Or at the residence of the pupils. f8dtf

CENTRAL BAKERY,

105 Third Street, between Alder and Morrison.

Orders Solicited.

E. QPITZ.

NOTICE.

MR. DAVID L. WALTER HAS NO INTEREST in our business as partner or otherwise. Neither has he any authority to sign our firm name from this date. WALTER BROS.

Portland, Oregon, January 29, 1878. f13d2w

SPECIAL NOTICE.

WE HAVE APPOINTED MR. F. H. COHN OUR special Agent and Attorney in fact to represent us and transact our business, with authority to the extent and in the manner set forth in our letter of Attorney to him of date February 9th, 1878.

WALTER BROS.

Portland, Oregon, Feb. 12, 1878. fe13d2w

PIPER & KNAPP,

ARCHITECTS,

Office in Monnastes' Building, First street

Between Morrison and Yamhill.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

CREIGHTON & STEARNS

AUCTIONEERS,

Commission and Real Estate Agts.

Next Cor. Front and Washington Sts.

REGULAR SALES—Wednesdays and Saturdays. HORSE SALES—At Goddard's Stables, every Tuesday at 2 P. M.

REGULAR HORSE SALE.

TUESDAY, 19th, at 2 P. M.

We will sell at Godard's Stables,

Some Fine Work Horses,
Buggy and Express Horses,
Saddle Horses.

ALSO,

Several Buggies, Wagons, Harness, &c.

Parties having Stock or Wagons to sell will do well to communicate with us at once.

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 20, AT 10 A. M.,

REGULAR SALE!

Of New and Second Hand Furniture, Clothing, Stoves, Groceries, &c.

CREIGHTON & STEARNS,
Auctioneers.

HARDWARE IRON AND STEEL.

CENTENNIAL BRACKET SAWS

With extra Blades and Designs, Treadle Power, All Iron.

FLOWER POT BRACKETS,

Table and Pocket Cutlery, Razors, Scissors, &c.

MITERING TOOLS, RODS, &C.

Patent Hand Cuffs and Police Nippers,

Butchers' Saws, Scales, Knives, Steels, Cleavers, Scrapers, &c.

Cross Cut, Mill, Mulay & Circular Saws.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Shelf and Builders' Hardware,

JOHN R. FOSTER,

Cor. Stark & Front St., Portland, Oregon.

DRY GOODS, MILLINERY, ETC.

MILLINERY

AND

FANCY DRY GOODS!

The Largest and Best Assortment at

P. van FRIDAGH'S

79 First Street,

SOLD AT CLEARANCE PRICES.

OREGON

Furniture Manufacturing Co.

Manufacturers of the

Celebrated

STANDARD

SCHOOL DESKS

These Desks are made of

Oregon Ash,

and are warranted superior to any imported Desk.

The Company has permission to refer to the Directors of the Portland, East Portland and several other School Districts in this State who are now using these Desks.

A full line of

Office, Countinghouse and School

FURNITURE

Constantly on hand and for sale at the lowest prices.

SALESROOM,

First and Yamhill sts.

PATRONIZE

HOME INDUSTRY

D. METZGER,

Manufacturer of

Glue, Curled Hair and Neats Foot Oil.

ALSO,

Refined MACHINE OILS.

OFFICE and SALESROOM:

Corner Front and Main Streets—No. 180

N. B.—My Glues and Oils can also be had from HODGE, DAVIS & CO.

D. METZGER.

MRS. E. S. WASS.

GRATEFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, RESPECTfully notifies the public that on account of continued ill health, she intends selling off at Cost her entire stock of

HUMAN HAIR GOODS

Consisting of 500 Long and Elegant Switches, of rare and choice shades, also, a magnificent assortment of Waterfall and Alexandrian

Curls, Puffs, Frizzetts and Fancy Goods.

She will dispose of Stock, Fixtures and Business Entire. The Butterick Pattern Agency, for the State and Washington Territory for sale.

A splendid investment for a small capital.

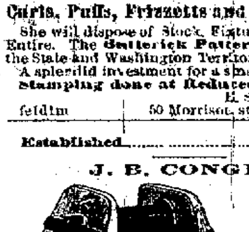
Stamping done at Reduced Rates.

E. S. WASS.

fe1d1m 50 Morrison st., Portland, Or.

Established........................1853.

J. B. CONGLE,



Manufacturer & Importer, wholesale and retail dealer in

SADDLES, HARNESS, Saddlery Hardware, And Leather, 73 Front St., Portland, Or.

Sole agents for Knight's Patent Drover Stirrup, for Oregon, Idaho, Washington.

OSCAR T. SODERBACK,

Manufacturer of

Fine Havana Cigars

SOUTH SIDE MORRISON STREET,

Between Fourth and Fifth, Portland, Oregon.

NO CHINAMEN EMPLOYED.

fe1d1m

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.

NOTICE.

PASSENGERS LEAVING PORTLAND ON MONday morning, Feb. 18, will connect with the Str ALMOTA at Celilo for LEWISTON, and points on Snake River, the stage of water permitting.

f15d S. G. REED, Vice President.

HATHAWAY SHIRTS.

ALL PERSONS DESIRING TO HAVE THESE Shirts made to order please leave measures with us previous to Feb. 20.

fe11d6t CLARKE & HENDERSON.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION

S. L. N. GILMAN. J. R. K. IRVINE.

GILMAN & IRVINE,

Auctioneers and Commission MERCHANTS,

First Street, bet. Pine and Ash, Portland

Regular Sales of Real Estate, Furniture and General Merchandise, TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS at 10 o'clock A. M.

AUCTION SALE

OF

Teas, Sago, Chicory & Spices.

We will sell at our Auction Salesroom on

TO-MORROW,

TUESDAY, FEB. 19, 1878,
At 10 o'clock A. M.,

TEAS.

30 chests Eng. Breakfast Tea, ½lb papers.
30 chests choice Japan Tea, in 1lb papers and boxes.
25 chests choice Breakfast Tea, 4 bxs each.
25 chests Oolong Powchong Tea, in paper.
20 chests Challenge Tea.

SAGO.

10 bags Sago.

ALSO,

SPICES.

50 cases assorted Spices, in ⅛lb to 10 tins.

ALSO,

2500 lbs. Pure Cream Tartar.

Samples of the above Goods can be seen at Salesroom.

GILMAN & IRVINE, Auctioneers.

INSURANCE.

CHANGE OF AGENCY.

I DESIRE TO ANNOUNCE TO MY FRIENDS and patrons that I have resigned the management of the Oregon Branch of the North British and Mercantile Insurance Company. It is with much regret that I sever a connection which has ever been pleasant.

My successors, J. BACHMAN & BROTHER, will assume control of the Agency from this date.

I have associated myself with J. Bachman & Brother, and can be found at their office, No. 88 First street, until further notice.

ED. HALL, late Manager.

Portland, Jan. 28, 1878. ja28d1m

UNION

Insurance Company.

FIRE AND MARINE.

Capital, (PAID UP IN GOLD COIN,) - $750,000

Assets, exceed - $1,000,000

BRANCH OFFICE FOR OREGON,

First National Bank Building, Portland

W. S. CALDWELL, Agent.

THE STATE

Investment & Insurance

COMPANY

OF SAN FRANCISCO.

FIRE AND MARINE.

Incorporated in 1871.

Cash Assets, - $475,600.

OFFICERS:

PETER DONAHUE, President. A. J. BRYANT, Vice President.
CHARLES E. CUSHING, Secretary.

This Company has no connection with any Insurance combination; its business is transacted at the Lowest Paying Rates, each risk being rated according to its own merits.

The undersigned, having been appointed General Agents for the above Company, are now prepared to accept applications and issue Policies for Fire and Marine risks at equitable rates.

A. P. HOTALING & CO.,
Office—25 Front Street, Portland,
General Agents for Oregon and Washington Territory.

OYSTERS.

Eastern and Shoalwater Bay

OYSTERS

Served in Every Style.

ALISKY & HEGELE,

Wholesale and Retail Confectioners,

No. 105 First Street.

R. C. HANION & CO.

IMPORTERS AND

Commission Merchants.

AGENTS FOR LLOYD'S.

OFFER FOR SALE AT WHOLESALE PRICES

IND COUPE & CO'S ALE, pints and qts.
McEWAN'S " " "
BASS' " " "
TENNENT'S ALE, pints and quarts.
Blood, Wolfe & Co's ALE and PORTER pints and quarts.
Guinness' STOUT, pints.
RED CASE GIN, (Rynbende & Sons brand)
Hennessy, Martell and Jules Robin's BRANDIES, in case and bulk.
Scotch WHISKY, in case and bulk.
Heidsieck & Co's "GRAND VIN ROYAL" CHAMPAGNE, pints and quarts.
Carte d' Or CHAMPAGNE, pints & quarts.
Finest SHERRIES and PORT WINES.
Benedictine, Maraschino, &c.
IRISH LINENS, DAMASK TABLE LINENS, DRESS GOODS, &c., &c.
CURRY POWDER and CURRANTS.
CORN BRUSHES, CHAIN and ZIG ZAG HARROWS.
English PAINTS and VARNISHES.
Superior WHITE LEAD and ZINC.
CHLORIDE OF LIME and SODA ASH.
WHEAT, OAT SACKS, HESSIANS, and TWINE.
SHEET IRON, assorted sizes.
Tinned SAUCEPANS and COVERS.
FRY PANS, Nos. 3, 4, and 5.
CANNEL COAL, Etc., Etc.

HACHENEY & BENO,

Grocers & Seedsmen,

N. W. cor. First and Taylor Sts.

HAVING PURCHASED THE ENTIRE STOCK of first class groceries of Hacheny & Stemme, we are prepared, with an additional new stock, to fill all orders.

Please call and examine our goods and prices.

GOODS DELIVERED FREE to all parts of city.

G. L. HIBBARD, J. W. BRAZEE.

G. L. HIBBARD & CO.,

Importers, Manufacturers & Wholesale Dealers in

BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS & FINDINGS,

No. 23 Front, bet. Pine and Ash Sts.,
PORTLAND, OR.

FANCY CHICKENS

AND

Eggs for Hatching.

From Prize Winning strains of Cochins, Brahmas, White and Brown Leghorns, Hamburgs, Houdons, &c., for sale by

HENRY MARTIN,

Dealer in FISH, POULTRY and GAME,

fe15d&wtf Central Market, Portland, Ogn.

ZAN BROTHERS,

Broom Manufacturers,

12 and 14 North Front St.

Importers and Dealers in

WOOD & WILLOW WARE.

DR. MED. J. J. AUERBACH,

(Formerly of San Francisco)

Member of the California State Medical Society.

Office and Residence:

New Market Theater Building. d1m

AUCTION AND

OSCAR KI

AUCTION AND

Corner First

Regular Sale Days,

Saturdays.

WILL PURCHASE AND SELL Merchandise, Furniture, A general assortment of sale.

WANTS.

WANTED.

A GIRL TO DO GENERAL a small family. Apply Park and Alder sts.

WANTED.

A QUANTITY OF QUAIL ideal purposes; also for which the highest price ROOP, National Hotel, Portland

WANTED.

SECOND HAND FURNITURE highest price will be paid 8/8.

EMPLOYMENT

A MAN OF ORDINARY sober and accustomed employment in a wholesale porter, watchman or man of tion to go to any known country required to procure necessary mony as to character. Address office.

TO LET.

HOUSE TO RENT

FOR SALE.

THE FURNITURE AND the four cottages on and Sixth, can be bought at ATKINSON & WAKEFIELD.

FOR

ONE HALF OF THE MILLS for rent half interest in a fine lot Hogs. Yearly income of terests, $5,000. Rent in advance.

Lebanon, Oregon, Feb. 14

HOUSE FOR RENT AND sale. Apply to f12

HOUSE TO LET AND

SALE.

THE FURNITURE OF THE side of First street, gomery, is offered for sale, be let on reasonable terms. office.

FURNISHED

ON PINE STREET suitable for Boarding ja24dtf

FOR SALE.

WORK HORSES

40 HEAD WORK HORSES young, just from Lane seen at Frazer's Stables, fe16d7t

FOR SALE.

80 ACRES OF LAND IN ty. 10 miles from Portland tivation. 10 acres Beaver Well watered. Terms, $1100, time. A pair of horses and Address A. H. WASS, Portland

ARMSTRONG FARM.

506 ACRES, BEING THE tion of this well known (the original Homestead) 8 miles from Dayton, Lafayette, Minnville. House, large Barn, ments. The perfect and per acre, one third cash. 10 per cent interest. Apply Agent for owners. 82 First street.

CHEAP HOMES.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE large number of Lots and Addition to East Portland, now prepared to dispose of figure, on terms to suit is very desirably and eligibly steads, being within convenient Stark Street Ferry, and in a For particulars apply to At Sheldon's hardware store, and, Oregon.

PRIVATE BOARD

PRIVATE BOARD.

FURNISHED ROOMS WITH Board. Inquire on Second Jefferson, opp. Congregational

MONEY TO

GOLD COIN!

$8000 TO $2000, EIGHT and Dollars, to be on gage on city property, will be less than $1600, on reasonable WM. STRONG,

MISCELLANEOUS.

LOST.

A LIVER COLORED SETTER white nose and clipped name of "Nip." Suitable animal's recovery. fe15d2

STOCKHOLDERS

A MEETING OF THE the Monumental Silver will be held at the office of First and Stark street, Portland, day, March 5th, 1878, at f2dtf C. D.

REMOVED.

DR. A. POHL, HOMEOPATHIST has removed to corner over Pfunder's Drug Store. Office hours—From 10 to 12 6 to 8:30 P. M.

SEWING MACHINE

JOHN BARBEY IS READY kinds of Sewing Machines, Locksmithing and all kinds work done. Shop on Yamhill street

S. L. STO

Corner of First and

Importer and

Oranges, Limes, Canned Goods, Candies, (very Finest Brands CIGARS

CANYON CREEK

OFFICES—Lemiller's & Speck's. Washing satisfaction guaranteed.

JAMES H.

Umatilla,

FORWARDING &

MERCHA

RATES

Drayage, per ton Storage and Forwarding A large Fire-Proof Warehouse Also, dealer DRY GOODS, CLOTHING Hardware

GENERAL MERCH

(Established in

☞ Mark Goods, care J. H. s18d2p

ST. HELEN'S

A Boarding and for Girls

THE EASTER TERM

On Thursday, Jan

For Circulars or information BISHOP or MISS

NOTICE.

A. S. GROSS HAVING ASSIGNED real and personal property counts and demands owing to debted to said Gross at the date are notified to make immediate settlement of their accounts, and authorized to receive payment and all persons having demands at the date of said assignment present the same, with the proper office, at the corner of First and Portland, Oregon. THOMAS f5d101

45 First Street, Portland

OTION AND COMMISSI

OSCAR KILBOURN

ION AND COMMISSION MERCH

Corner First and Pine Streets

lar Sale Days, Wednesday Saturdays.

LL PURCHASE AND SELL REAL ESTATE Merchandise, Furniture etc. neral assortment of Merchandise at

WANTS.

WANTED
L TO DO GENERAL HOUSEWORK mall family. Apply in person corner and Alder sts. (German girl preferred)

WANTED.
ANTITY OF QUAIL SUITABLE FOR ermal purposes also Indian Arrow hich the highest price will be paid National Hotel Portland Ogn.

WANTED
ND HAND FURNITURE FOR WHICH ghest price will be paid. Address

EMPLOYMENT WANTED
AN OF ORDINARY BUSINESS CAPACITY ober and accustomed to obey orders yment in a wholesale house as watchman or man of all work go to any known country. Wages ed to procure necessaries of life. as to character. Address CLERK, Oregonian

TO LET.

SE TO RENT AND FURNITURE FOR SALE.
FURNITURE AND CARPETS IN ONE he four cottages on Main street, be xth can be bought at a bargain. NSON & WAKEFIELD

FOR RENT,
HALF OF THE LEBANON FLOURING MILLS for rent for one or more years nterest in a fine lot of Thoroughbred Yearly income of Mill with $5 000. Rent in advance. ELKINS
non Oregon Feb 14 1878

USE FOR RENT AND FURNITURE sale. Apply to GILMAN & IRVING Auction

SE TO LET AND FURNITURE SALE.
FURNITURE OF THE HOUSE ON of First street between Mill and y, is offered for sale, and the residence on reasonable terms. Address E. T.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET
PINE STREET BET SECOND AND uitable for Boarding House MRS. N M

FOR SALE.

WORK HORSES FOR SALE.
HEAD WORK HORSES GOOD SIZE young, just from Lane county. They a t Fraser's Stables East Portland. WM. FRASER

FOR SALE.
ACRES OF LAND IN WASHINGTON ty 10 miles from Portland. 15 acres on 10 acres Beaver Dam easily watered. Terms $1100. $500 cash, bal. A pair of horses and other stock lis A. H. WASS Portland P O

ARMSTRONG FARM FOR SALE
ACRES BEING THE REMAINING tion of this well known improved riginal Homestead tract) in Yamhill es from Dayton, Lafayette, St. Joseph ville. House, large Barn and other . Title perfect and guaranteed. ms, one third cash, balance on long r cent interest. Apply to E. O. t for owners, 82 First street, Portland.

CHEAP HOMESTEADS.
E UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED large number of Lots and Blocks in ion to East Portland at a great sa ared to dispose of the same at a , on terms to suit purchasers. They y desirably and eligibly situated being within convenient dista Street Ferry, and are very healthful articulars apply to W. ALLEN Sheldon's Hardware store, J street, Oregon.

PRIVATE BOARDING.

PRIVATE BOARDING.
RNISHED ROOMS WITH OR WITHOUT Board; Inquire on Second, bet. Madison son, opp. Congregational Church.

MONEY TO LOAN.

GOLD COIN! GOLD COIN!
TO $6000, EIGHT TO NINE Dollars, to be secured by on city property, will be loaned from $1000, on reasonable terms. Apply WM. STRONG Dekum's Building

MISCELLANEOUS.

LOST.
LIVER COLORED SETTER DOG, white nose and clipped tail. Answers of "Nip." Suitable reward will be recovery. J T WILLIAMS

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.
MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS the Monumental Silver Mining Co. be held at the office of the company and Stark street, Portland, Oregon, on March 5th, 1878 at 7 o'clock P M. C D FOLGER, Secretary

REMOVED.
A. POHL, HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN has removed to corner Ash and First Pfunder's Drug Store. entrance on Ash hours—From 10 to 12 A. M. 1 to 4 P. M. 0 P. M.

SEWING MACHINE REPAIRING
N DARBEY IS READY TO REPAIR inds of Sewing Machines smithing and all kinds of fine work done. on Yamhill street near Second

S. L. STONE,
Corner of First and Ash Streets
Importer and Jobber of
Limes, Lemons, Nuts, ned Goods, Broadway and ndies, everypopular, Figs & Dates Brands CIGARS AND TOBACCO

CANYON CREEK LAUNDRY
ICKS—Lemline's Cigar Store, and Speck's. Washing promptly returned. ction guaranteed.

JAMES H. KOONTZ
Umatilla, Oregon,
FORWARDING & COMMISSION MERCHANT.
RATES REDUCED!
age, per ton... Forwarding, per ton... Fire-Proof Warehouse for storage. Also, dealer in
GOODS, CLOTHING, GROCERIES, Hardware and GENERAL MERCHANDISE.
(Established in 1868.)
Mark Goods, care J H K. JAMES H. KOONTZ

ST. HELEN'S HALL
Boarding and Day School for Girls.
HE EASTER TERM BEGINS Thursday, January
Circulars or information address BISHOP MORRIS, or MISS RODNEY Portland Ore.

NOTICE
GROSS HAVING ASSIGNED TO ME eal and personal property including and demands owing to him all persons to said Gross at the date of such assig ified to make immediate payment t of their accounts, and that I am zed to receive payment of such acc l persons having demands against sai date of said assignment are reque t the same with the proper vouchers at the corner of First and Washingt nd, Oregon. THOMAS CONNELL, Assi

UDSO
MAKER,
BBER STA
5 First Street, Portland, Ore

The Daily Oregonian.

MONDAY MORNING, FEB 18 1878

CITY.

THE MAILS.—Shortly after the arrival of the steamer *Ancon* at this port Saturday evening a large number of persons visited the post office under the impression that a quantity of eastern and California mail had been brought up. To their disappointment they learned that the *Ancon* had brought no mail at all. On making inquiries as to why none had been received we ascertained the following state of facts: The O S S Co has the contract for carrying the mails to and fro between Portland and San Francisco. Since the weather became so bad and the condition of the roads next to impassable no mails have been sent overland at all and none are received except by steamer. To accommodate the public the Pacific Coast Steamship Company's steamers have brought several times to this port the eastern and California mails for which nothing has been charged. Of course the postal department makes no provision for transporting the mail matter to and from the steamers here and at San Francisco. The company having the contract is required to pay the expense of hauling the same from the steamers to the postoffice and from the latter to the former. When the O S S Co's steamers bring mail matter they, having the contract, pay for such transportation. When the mail is brought on the P C S S Company's steamers the former company of course, do not like to bear the necessary expense of conveying the mail to and fro. The opposition receiving no compensation whatever for bringing the mails to this port do not fee inclined to defray the expense of hauling the same up to the office. Neither do the post masters here or in San Francisco feel like paying the expense out of their own pockets. No blame can be attached to either company or the postal service for this unpleasant condition of affairs but if the difficulty could be remedied in some way it would be a great public accommodation. The expense of transporting the mails to and from the steamers amounts to only a few dollars each trip—a sum we are certain the public would cheerfully bear in consideration of receiving the mail several days earlier than by waiting for the other steamer.

GARROTERS ARRESTED.—Two young men named John Abrahams and Harry Smith were arrested Saturday charged with having garroted an old German. These fellows happened to be in a saloon on First street when the German came in and called for some beer. In paying for the drink, the German thoughtlessly exposed a small sum of silver which he had tied up in a handkerchief. Abrahams and Smith observed the money and determined to possess it at all hazards. The German drank several times and became somewhat hilarious. He was watched by the two men and when he had occasion to step out into the back yard he was closely followed. It was very dark, and the thieves immediately set on him, one clutching him tightly by the throat, so as to prevent him making an outcry, while the other deprived him of his loose change. After taking all his money the garroters fled and made their escape. Complaint was lodged against them by the German and two officers were detailed to track them up. In a short time both men were bagged and conducted to the city jail. Twelve dollars were found on these fellows. The German claimed to have lost about $18, and the garroters had got away with $6 of it. They readily confessed their guilt to the officers, saying that they had robbed the old man. Both were locked up and the case will go directly to the grand jury. These fellows can safely be "booked" for about five years.

THE WALKING MATCH.—After all the talk and excitement it seems the walking match between Allen, Oddy and Gordon proved a genuine fizzle. It was announced that the race was for a sweepstake of $300—each contestant being required to put up $100—and the championship of the Pacific coast. The contest opened at the City Rifles armory Friday evening 5 minutes to 11 o'clock. About 11 o'clock Saturday forenoon Allen, who had completed his 63d mile, became disgusted and withdrew, claiming that he was not being treated fairly. Oddy and Gordon continued their walk until 6 o'clock P M, when the former was declared winner, he having completed the 100 miles. Gordon was 12 miles behind when Oddy accomplished the distance, but he walked on simply to test his power of endurance. There appears to be a great deal of dissatisfaction over the matter. It is claimed that not a dollar was put up on the result, that the whole match was a fraud, the contestants only walking for the gate money. We do not vouch for the truth of these assertions but there seems to be general public disgust over the match.

AN INTELLIGENT CHINAMAN.—A young man of this city employed as barkeeper, has just received the following letter from a Chinaman who left Portland some time ago for the Flowery Land. The letter is dated Hong Kong, December 27 1877, and the writer says: "E——— I get in Hongkong December 25, and I go to Portland next May. Signed, Jim Chinaman." This Chinaman had been employed about the saloon some time, and during his leisure moments the barkeeper had taught him the alphabet and had given him a few lessons in writing. John had so improved by the little instruction imparted that he acquired sufficient knowledge of the English language to read pretty well and write quite a passable hand. On reaching his far off destination he wrote to his old friend and former instructor telling him of his safe arrival. The young man was pleased and surprised at the proficiency of his pupil.

A DRAMATIC VETERAN.—By the steamer *Ancon* there arrived our veteran theatrical friend J. B. Robinson, who will be remembered by old Oregonians as one of the earliest exponents of the stage in this state. Mr Robinson first visited this state in 1858 and played in Portland and several of the towns along the valley. Subsequently he traveled through Oregon accompanied by his daughter, the young and talented Miss Sue Getzler Robinson, who died at Sacramento some eight years ago. Mr Robinson played at the old Oro Fino Theater under the management of Mr. F. M. Bates, and several years later in Geo. B. Waldron's Company. After an absence of nearly five years he returns to our beautiful city, where a cordial welcome will be accorded him. He will appear to night in the border drama of "Capt Jack," personating the character of "Old Vet."

CRICKET.—At a meeting held on Saturday evening the Portland cricket club was inaugurated with the following gentlemen as officers: President, Mr Geo A. Webb; Vice President, Mr. S L N Gilman; Secretary, Mr W S Stevens; Treasurer, Mr W H Creighton, after which the necessary committees were appointed for obtaining a suitable ground, drawing up by-laws, etc., and after a very agreeable and pleasant evening the meeting adjourned to meet on Saturday, the 2d of March, at the office of Messrs Creighton & Stearns, 87 Front street. All lovers of this noble game are cordially invited to attend the next meeting. Considerable enthusiasm was manifested amongst those present and we predict that this fine old game will be very popular during the ensuing season.

A DASTARDLY ATTEMPT.—Some time during Friday night we are informed that an attempt was made to cut the lines which held the vessel *Cochrane* to the wharf alongside of which she was lying. Several of the ropes were severed but the cowardly miscreant became alarmed, and, aided by the friendly darkness made his escape. This vessel is moored at the wharf of Messrs. Corbitt & Macleay just above the boulevard. The current sets in strongly at this point, and had all the lines been cut the vessel would have been cast adrift and very serious damage might have resulted. The *Cochrane* has nearly completed her cargo of grain for Europe. It was a dastardly attempt and the guilty party or parties if caught, should be very severely punished.

SCHOOL CLERK APPOINTED.—Friday Mr A H. Morgan, who is the only school director of this district who resides in Portland at present, sent a telegram to W S Ladd Esq that he had appointed Mr D W Williams clerk of the district, vice Emmons Arnold, deceased. Mr Morgan asked to have the appointment approved. A reply was received Saturday heartily endorsing the appointment. Mr. Williams is an old and favorably known citizen of Portland, having resided here for many years. He is eminently qualified for the position, and it would be difficult to have made a more suitable appointment.

ST PATRICK'S DAY.—A meeting was held yesterday by a number of our Irish citizens to take necessary steps toward the proper and time-honored observance of "St Patrick's Day" in the morning. The following officers were chosen: President of the day, Thomas B McDevitt; orator, J M Gearin; marshal, M Phelan. A committee we understand has been appointed by the Portland Hibernian Benevolent Society to complete all necessary arrangements for the grand ball to come off on Monday evening March 18. The 17th will come on Sunday so the day following will be celebrated.

WILL RECEIVE NO COMPENSATION.—It is generally supposed Oregon will receive some benefit from the appropriation by congress for the Paris exposition but such is not the case. All expenses incurred including the pay of commissioners will have to be borne by Oregon. Commissioner Van Buerden will be the only one under pay. He will remain in Paris at least four months and probably during the exposition. Mr Van Buerden is fully qualified for the position he being master of English French German and Flemish.

ECLIPSE.—Yesterday morning there was a partial eclipse of the moon which was visible throughout the world except in Europe and Africa. Pale Luna entered the penumbra at 12 30 A M the shadow 52 minutes past 1 o'clock the middle of the eclipse occurred at 3 o'clock and the moon left the shadow 29 minutes past 3 o'clock. There will also be a total eclipse of the sun visible as a partial one here on the afternoon of July 29th. A transit of the planet Mercury will be visible here on the 6th of May.

RETIRED.—Mr John J Burnett who for the past eighteen months has filled the position of city editor of the *Standard*, has severed his connection with that paper. Mr Burnett is a careful, energetic reporter and a ready writer. His numerous friends will regret to learn of his retirement, and wish him success in whatever business he may engage in the future.

DANGEROUS ILLNESS.—The many friends of ex Gov Curry will be pained to learn that he is now lying at his home in this city dangerously ill of congestion of the lungs. Mr Curry has been confined to his room for the past two weeks but his illness did not assume such a serious turn until a few days ago. Strong hopes are entertained of his recovery.

THE NEXT LECTURE.—The next lecture of the course at Forest Grove under the direction of the faculty of Pacific University will be given on the evening of Saturday March 2d by J P Wager Esq, of East Portland. The subject is "Students' Desert or the Practical Benefits of Poetry Romance and Humor in a Literary Education."

FINGERS CRUSHED.—Last Thursday Henry Smith of this city, while engaged in working a planer at the Willamette Iron Works had the misfortune to crush two of the fingers of his left hand badly. The surgeon in attendance after making an examination of the injuries deemed it necessary to amputate the second finger at the first joint.

TO DEEPEN THE CHANNEL.—We are informed that the chamber of commerce of Astoria have made inquiries recently of the United States engineer of this district as to the practicability of deepening the channel across the bar at the mouth of the Columbia.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—We are under many personal obligations to Purser Buckman of the steamer *Ancon* for late files of San Francisco papers and other favors.

AMUSEMENTS.

"CAPT JACK."—Capt J W Crawford the noted post-scout of the Black Hills arrived here on the steamer *Ancon* Saturday evening under engagement to Manager Bert. To night Capt Crawford will make his first appearance before a Portland audience in the thrilling sensational border drama of "Capt Jack." Capt Crawford will personate the leading character. He will be supported by Miss Rena, the talented Irish soubrette, who will appear as "Kitty Muldoon," J. B Robinson as "Old Vet," J M Ward, as "Snake Root Sam," L F Howard as Jacob "McKandless," Mr. Wade, as "Wild Bill," and the other characters by the company. These wild stirring border dramas have been produced by Capt Crawford in San Francisco and the interior towns of California, and have won favorable commendation from the press and public. "Capt Jack" has been carefully rehearsed and will be produced to night with strict regard to scenic effects, proper costuming, etc. In speaking of the performance given by Capt Crawford, a southern exchange says: "He certainly presents an entertainment which is good, chaste in its character and dramatic in its effects and never fails to please those who have the good fortune to witness it." A prosperous run may be predicted of this and kindred productions during Capt Crawford's brief stay in Portland.

BRIEF NOTES.

Grand mask ball to night.

River will be rising to day.

Very heavy rain last evening.

Light police court docket Saturday.

Steamers *Ancon* and *Chester* both in.

An immense mail—eastern and California.

New Market Theater will be closed next week.

Capt Jack Crawford and Miss Rena to-night.

Both steamers advertised to sail hence to morrow.

John Jack and Miss Annie Firmin will sail for Australia soon.

Next Friday will be the anniversary of the birth of G. Washington.

Seventeen sacks of letter and 103 sacks of paper mail arrived by the steamer *City of Chester*.

SOCIAL EVENTS.

TURNERS' BAL MASQUE.—The Turn Verein Society will give their annual mask ball at their hall this evening, and we have only to remind the public of the great success achieved by them in their former efforts of this character to insure a very large attendance. The preparations have been made with a view to giving complete satisfaction to all guests, and to render the occasion one of unusual interest and enjoyment. There are expected to be some of the finest masks ever shown in the city present to night.

STATE OF OREGON SAILED.

The following telegram was received Saturday which will explain itself:

NEW YORK, Feb 16, 1878

John D Biles, Secretary O S S Co: Just returned from down the bay to see the *Oregon* off to sea. Her engines worked beautifully. Thirty two passengers on board and 2 709 tons, including coal and stores. Her mean draught is eighteen feet and four inches. Weather splendid.

H VILLARD
President O S S Co

POLICE COURT NOTES.

Henry Naight, disorderly conduct $5 paid; Farnsworth drunk and disorderly $10 unpaid; Wm Sharp, drunk and disorderly $10 unpaid. The following arrests were made up to a late hour last night: John Smith drunk and disorderly; John Abrams, highway robbery; Harry Smith highway robbery; J T Marcy disorderly conduct; H A Moss same offense; Geo Maxwell, same offense; Harry Anderson drunk and disorderly.

WEATHER REPORT.

Received at the United States signal office in this city February 16 1878

Station	Bar	Ther	Wind	Rain	Remarks
AT 4 32 A M					
Portland	29 40	41	.	3	Lt Rain
Roseburg	29 [illegible]1	46	S	13	Cloudy
Red Bluff	29 [illegible]7	50	S	10	Cloudy
Sacramento	29 [illegible]7	52	S	01	Lt Rain
AT 1 32 P M					
Portland	29 72	48	SE		Lt Rain
Roseburg	29 72	68	S	01	Cloudy
Red Bluff	29 87	55	S	0	Cloudy
Sacramento	29 98	56	S	02	Cloudy

Masquerade suits made to order at Mrs Ach's.

For masquerade suits and masks of all kinds at lowest prices go to Mrs Chas Tichnor's 128 First street, opposite Oregon Furniture salesroom. Send stamp for price list.

VESSELS SPOKEN.

While the steamer Ancon was on the way to this port from San Francisco she spoke the following vessels:

Feb 13th—5 o'clock A M off Point Arena a one topmast schooner painted green light; at 4 P M 30 miles off Mendocino City a three masted schooner [illegible] lost reef, no mizzen set; [illegible] at 7 P M a bark off shore heading south, also a large ship standing in shore.

Feb 14th—8 A M off Humboldt a large bark hove to; 11 M off Crescent City one topmast schooner hove to with new topsail; at 1 P M a one topmast schooner painted black with an old trysail set.

At 8 o'clock, Feb 15th the steamer spoke a bark standing south loaded lightly. At 9 A M she spoke a schooner off Yaquina which had signal of distress flying. A small boat was sent out to the steamer and it was learned that the schooner was the [illegible] which had sailed from San Francisco before Christmas bound for [illegible]. The schooner had been out [illegible] for the port. She encountered a succession of terrific gales and had her foresail and mainsail carried away and not being able to make headway had been drifting about for weeks completely at the mercy of the elements. The meager stock of provisions gave out and when spoken by the *Ancon* the crew had been some days without anything to eat. The men looked very pale and attenuated and were ravenous when furnished. Capt Debney very kindly supplied the distressed crew with whatever was necessary and sailed away. The *Ancon* was opposite Yaquina bay and was beating in toward that harbor of refuge.

THE COURTS

STATE CIRCUIT COURT—[illegible]

SATURDAY Feb 16 1878

Sam Chung v John T Lovelace; motion to strike out parts of the answer overruled.

Grand jury presented one indictment.

State v James L Daley; not a true bill.

State v W W Baker; same.

State v James Kelly; same.

State v James Murphy; arraigned. J J Ballery appointed to defend and to-morrow to plead.

State v Ah Yung; indicted under the name of Don Hing; arraigned. Leander Holmes appointed to defend and to morrow morning to plead.

Todd v Goldsmith; time in which to answer enlarged two weeks from next Monday.

John B Price v Mary Pollock et al; default.

J Kinrath v B Goldsmith; default.

Levi Knott administrator &c v Joseph Knott et al; motion to strike out parts of complaint granted.

State v James Murphy; plea of not guilty.

State v Ah Yung; same.

State v James Turk; same.

Kiel & Wagner v [illegible]; motion to dismiss withdrawn.

Abbey v Leonard; submitted without argument.

Thomas [illegible] v J N Robinson et al; motion to make complaint more specific argued and submitted.

Doscher et al v Blackistone et al; decree.

W H Coy v Ira F Powers et al; demurrer to answer argued and submitted.

F R Strong v Joseph Teal et al; demurrer to complaint argued and submitted.

COUNTY COURT—WOODWARD J

IN PROBATE

In re petition of Matilda Pierce for adoption of Isaac F Beals; decree granting petition entered.

In re estate of Ralph Wilson deceased; final account heard and taken under advisement.

In re Lucinda Taylor deceased; order made authorizing sale of real estate.

In re estate of Elizabeth Delschneider; order made directing payment in part and return on it, part by administrator of legacies to Louis and Arnold Delschneider heirs of deceased.

IN LAW

S M Lyons vs Estes & Carter; sale of real estate confirmed.

Jas H. Miller vs John T Lovelace; on trial.

COMMISSIONERS

Ordered that John Mock be and is appointed supervisor of road district No 3 for the ensuing year, to file bond in the sum of $500.

Report of H C Hill supervisor of road district No 4 for 1877 read and approved and a warrant allowed in the sum of $15[illegible] for extra services as such supervisor.

NOTES FROM CLACKAMAS

NEEDY, Feb 16 1878

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

Thinking a few lines from this place would not be amiss I subjoin the following. There is quite a number of fields of fall sown grain in this section, which look well and promise a good crop. There is considerable activity among the farming community in grubbing, clearing and general improvement of land. Quite a number of real estate transactions at a fair figure are reported.

We have a fine school of forty scholars in a flourishing condition under its present management.

Last evening we were favored with a party at the residence of Mr Wm Moreland which was a most enjoyable affair, their being a supper of many good things for the inner man, plays, conversation etc., until the wee sma' hours. The party was due to the energy of a couple of young ladies of the school.

C.

THE FATAL DIPHTHERIA

LONE ROCK, Wasco Co., Feb 11 1878.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

Diphtheria has been very fatal here. It has broken up our school. Of thirteen or fourteen families in the neighborhood nearly all have been visited by the destroyer. Please publish the following which however is only a partial list of deaths:

James aged 7 months youngest child of E G, and Lucy Robinson died January 25. William V aged 12 and Lawrence D aged 6 eldest and third sons of Albert and Isabella Henshaw, died February 4th and 7th. Mary R Williams, aged 11 only daughter of Mrs. Mary Fisher, died January 21 and Hugh M aged 1 year and 6 months only child of Monroe and Cynthia Ward died February 7.

This section has had very little snow but has been visited with more rain and wind than usual. There has been no cold weather.

J G D

A Kidnapped Boy Rescued

[From the Coos Bay News.]

The two children, Walter and Lottie, traveling with Samwell's animal show and claimed by C. Morting to be his children, were, upon investigation, found not to be his children, the boy's true name being Arthur Alonzo Nelson, having been kidnapped from Auckland, New Zealand about three years ago. Receiving information through Mr Samwell that the children were being mistreated, we interviewed the boy and after assuring him of protection, he informed us of his continued inhuman treatment at the hands of Morting. At Empire City for the offense of smoking a paper cigarette, Morting tied him hand and foot and compelled him to lie in that position all night and it appears his whole course toward the boy has been one of brutal cruelty. The boy is but nine years old and he was very anxious to be taken from Morting which we did and we shall see that he remains in good hands where he will be properly taken care of and educated. Since writing the above Sheriff Aiken has taken the boy and, unless wanted by his parents when discovered, he will adopt him.

"ANDREWS' BAZAR" stands among fashion periodicals about as the *Atlantic Monthly* does in severely high class literary magazines. Its columns are full of the best reading and its news on the fashion illustrated with plates is simply indispensable to the woman of taste. Any lady can thus have her taste guided by the best standards. It is published at Cincinnati for the price of one dollar a year.

Stark street [illegible] the tailor received on the *City of Chester* the finest line and the very latest styles for the spring of 1878—the finest ever brought to this city.

Silk velvets, satin velveteens and satins in all colors suitable for masquerade suits, also gold and silver trimmings at Mrs. [illegible] corner Morrison and Second streets.

When you want *neat elegant and stylish* [illegible] go to Edwards & Birmingham, Second street between Morrison and Yamhill.

Children's braided cloaks with capes from $1 to $2 [illegible] at the cheapest store in town—at Mrs Chas [illegible] 128 First street.

Mannel & Co at the St Charles are improving the character of their viands from day to day, still improving.

Hickory and Paradise Nuts, big ones, at S L Stone's, Ash and First streets.

When you desire a fine oyster stew, fry or raw go to Frank Barnes.

At Farnes' Central Market you can get a capital meal at a moderate price.

EDUCATIONAL

STATE SUPERINTENDENT

PORTLAND, February 1[illegible] 1878

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

I have no doubt that the letter from "Educator" published in THE OREGONIAN last Friday has been read and heartily approved by hundreds of voters in this state.

Prof T M Gatch has a host of sincere adherents in Oregon and the persons of the students who have been under his tuition from time to time since 18[illegible].

An objection raised by a Republican man [illegible] to Mr Gatch is that [illegible] procedure of nominating the superintendent of public instruction would not [illegible] *would preclude the* [illegible] Mr Gatch.

What right has this man here to this [illegible] nations. This same man [illegible] a candidate and as soon as he saw [illegible] article he began to buzz around town. What has *he to* do with an affair of such importance? Will any man in the land name an office of more vital importance than that of state superintendent of public instruction?

We have plenty of men who can successfully handle the executive affairs, a score of men and women too who are able to do honor as secretary of state and so on as to treasurer and state printer but for the one office referred to there are not more than three or four persons in the state who can enter at once on a successful administration of our educational interests and President Gatch is one of that small number. The name that has been squibbled in some of our papers in connection with this office is only a joke—certainly nothing more. Let delegates to the state convention consider this important office. I trust they will not allow locality to interfere with a judicious selection. Scatter the nominations of governor, secretary of state, state treasurer and state printer, for every quarter of the state can furnish plenty of good material for those offices but think long and seriously before permitting the name of a third rate pedagogue to be foisted on our ticket just to equalize the ticket as to locality. I know I speak the sentiments of hundreds of teachers when I say that their votes and influence will go for the best man for state superintendent irrespective of party.

The relations existing between the state superintendent and the teachers of the state are very different when compared with those between all citizens and the governor, secretary of state &c. Perhaps not one citizen in a hundred has personal business with the governor and not one in a thousand with the state printer but every individual teacher in Oregon has business with and generally meets the superintendent every year.

Each teacher has more influence in his district than is generally conceded. Then we want a man to whom we can look for help in our work, one whom the oldest as well as the youngest will respect.

Party zeal, party lash will have little effect if our delegates attempt the locality dodge and nominate some third rate pedagogue. Give *such* a wide berth. [illegible]

TEACHER.

AT ANDERSONVILLE

HOW THE UNION PRISONERS PUNISHED CRIMINALS IN THEIR MIDST

[St Louis Evening Post.]

An old survivor of Andersonville in a talk with a representative of the *Evening Post* says:

There was an episode during my life at Andersonville that stands out in my memory above all others. No one can conceive of the demoralization that comes upon men confronted on all sides with so much misery. While Andersonville developed examples of as noble heroism and self sacrifice as the world probably ever witnessed it served also to bring out upon the part of some of the inmates many of the most abhorrent and despicable traits of human nature. The greatest luxury that could be enjoyed by a prisoner was a warm blanket. Yet men were found among the prisoners base enough to rob their fellows of even these comforts. A gang of robbers was organized who went around the camp at night and tore the blankets and clothes from off sick and dying men, kicking and beating those who made any feeble attempts at resistance. Money was also taken from the prisoners, or anything of value that could be found upon them. In a little while the robberies became so frequent as to be the worst of our troubles. A perfect reign of terror existed, and we did not know what to do.

Finally after consultation, we asked permission of Wirtz to investigate and see who were the perpetrators of these outrages and punish them. Wirtz granted it, the only kind act he ever did, I believe, for the union prisoners there and I thank him for it to this day. We picked out six men for trial before a tribunal of our own section. It sat outside of the stockade under a confederate guard. A judge, jury, prosecuting attorney and clerk were appointed, together with a counsel for the defense. Evidence was heard from many of the prisoners and the accused were all identified as among the parties guilty of the robberies. A verdict of guilty was found and they were sentenced to be hung and the entire proceedings approved by Wirtz, who ordered the lumber to be furnished us for a scaffold. We built one sufficient for our purpose in a few hours. It consisted simply of a crossbeam supported by two uprights. A platform was constructed about three feet from the ground, the first plank laid at right angles with the uprights and parallel with the crossbeam directly above it, being so adjusted that it could be withdrawn from its position at a moment's notice. The six condemned men were escorted to this scaffold by a guard of about 500 prisoners armed with sticks and clubs. They were placed on this plank. In lieu of the customary black cap we incased their heads in flour sacks.

Notwithstanding the absence of ceremony the scene was an impressive one. The gallows stood near the top of the hill, and nearly all the 38 000 prisoners were gathered to witness the execution. They maintained perfect silence, refraining from any insults to the condemned, but their hollow eyes, pale pinched faces, their savage expression of countenance were a sufficient indication of their determination that not one should escape. The ropes were carefully adjusted, with the knot in each case under the left ear and by a signal the board withdrawn from beneath them. There was a drop of two feet and the bodies swung about a foot from the ground—all but one. The sixth man, a former sailor in the navy was perceived to have fallen to the ground. The rope had broken.

In an instant he was on his feet. He started to run down the hill. The crowd comprehending his intent to escape followed with a wild yell in pursuit. It was a fight for life. He had a start by a few seconds and he made the most of it. I never saw a man run as he did. He went down to the morass with nearly 38 000 men close upon his heels. Not finding [illegible] there [illegible] and saw him running up the side of the other hill. We followed. He made for one of the huts [illegible] but as soon as he heard us coming got down and again started [illegible]. Widening the distance between us he again sought refuge in a [illegible] and [illegible] it was we came up. It was twenty [illegible] we had him fast. He begged piteously for his life but we had no mercy. We had to bring him [illegible] the hill through the sand [illegible] the [illegible] hill to the scaffold. He was held by three men on the platform while the noose was [illegible] just [illegible] after we had spliced the [illegible] every limb. At the given signal [illegible] from the ground [illegible]

[illegible] very [illegible] to [illegible] street [illegible] early [illegible]

German Syrup

No other medicine in the world was ever given such a test of its curative qualities as Boschee's German Syrup. In three years two million four hundred thousand small bottles of this medicine were distributed free of charge by druggists in this country to those afflicted with Consumption, Asthma, Croup, severe Coughs, Pneumonia and other diseases of the Throat and Lungs, giving the American people undeniable proof that German Syrup will cure them. The result has been that druggists in every town and village in the United States are recommending it to their customers. Go to your druggist and ask what they know about it. Sample bottles 10 cents. Regular size 75 cents. Three doses will relieve any one.

JUSTICE TO WHOM JUSTICE IS DUE.

A CARD TO DR. R. GLEASON OF THIS CITY

STATE OF OREGON, } ss
Multnomah County

I John Crombie being duly sworn say on oath that in my card to Dr R F Price of this city I unintentionally gave the impression that Dr Gleason had given me up to die and that as a result of his treatment I had a fearful hemorrhage from the bladder and blisters breaking out all over my tongue, mouth, throat, face and whole body. These blisters broke out before the Doctor was called in and I suppose the hemorrhage from the bladder was a natural symptom of my disease. I will also state that Dr Gleason did not withdraw from the case but was discharged after one day's attendance because my friends grew impatient and I repeat that he did not give me up to die. I did not write the card to Dr Price and I did not examine it carefully enough when handed me to sign to see the above errors. I do not desire to do injustice to Dr Gleason [illegible] make the above statement.

JOHN CROMBIE

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 16th day of February 1878

JOSEPH SIMON
Notary Public for Oregon

HONOR TO WHOM HONOR IS DUE

A CARD TO DR. R F PRICE, OF THIS CITY

On Thursday afternoon January 10th being at work at Oswego at the time I felt sick, had to quit work, and soon after a fearful hemorrhage at the nose and mouth set in. I did everything to stop it without avail and getting worse, I came home to Portland to my family. Arriving on Wednesday in a pitiful condition bleeding all the time my relations at once brought me to Dr Saylor who prescribed for me but his medicine did me no good, the bleeding keeping up incessantly, and Dr Gleason was called for. His opinion was unfavorable from the beginning, stating to my wife the bleeding from mouth and nose would keep up two to three weeks should I live so long. It was a hopeless case and when asked if he could save my life refused to give a decisive answer. He prescribed for me, ordered injections in my nose which made me worse, and the result of this treatment brought on a fearful hemorrhage from the bladder, voiding blood by the pint, blood blisters breaking out all over my tongue, mouth, throat, face and whole body, falling from one fainting spell into another. My family and friends giving up all hopes of saving my life, my brother in law Mr George Still, went for Dr Jones. The doctor after careful examination pronounced the case hopeless, telling my friends I might live a few days by good nourishment. All hope was gone. The medicine Dr Gleason prescribed was all right. He could give no other. When Dr Gleason was asked what his case was called he said it was too long to explain and I had to die of general decomposition of the blood.

Friday afternoon the friends of my brother in law and my relatives advised me to send for Dr R. F Price a homeopathic practitioner, a graduate of a German university, who during his short practice (about six months) has made many friends and effected some remarkable cures. I did so. He came. He has conquered. His medicine took effect at once. I bled a little during the night, gained on Saturday considerable, bleeding stopped on Sunday entirely. Monday morning I got up and shaved myself and to day (Thursday) I am quite a well man, a little weak from loss of blood, no trace of disease, no decomposition of blood, no funeral.

In justice to this qualified man and physician with a thankful heart for my benefactor and savior of my life, for one of the most wonderful cures ever effected in so short a time on a person already in the clutches of death, my friends reward him with a large practice. I sign my name

JOHN CRUMBIE

PORTLAND, Oregon Jan 24, 1878

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 15th day of February, 1878

I ALLEN MACRUM
Notary Public

ANOTHER OF DR WOOD'S MARVELOUS CURES

NEURALGIA OF THREE YEARS' STANDING CURED IN A WEEK

The following is one from the many certificates which may be seen at Dr. Wood's office. The reader is urgently requested to refer to the writer of the certificate either by letter or in person to satisfy himself. Only home certificates are published, because the proofs are easily reached to back them up.

SALEM May 17 1876

To whom it may concern: For the benefit of the afflicted I will state that my wife has suffered very much for three years and a half with Neuralgia in the head, eyes and shoulders and has never been free from it for an hour during that time. Her shoulders and upper spine felt cold and so great was the pain in her eyes that she could not bear the sunshine or lamplight and had to keep her eyes shaded from both. I considered her case hopeless, as no treatment relieved her in any degree. Dr Wood first treated her one month ago which was repeated for two weeks once a day and although no medicine was given, yet she has been perfectly cured of the above affliction since the first week's treatment.

CHARLES MORRIS

May be referred to at the Eureka Market, State street, Salem.

The Doctor heals by magnetism—all his cures are made by this subtle agent. His treatment builds up the patient, infusing new life and energy into the worn and wasted system, bringing hope where despair brooded gloomily over her victim. His treatment is harmless, and ministers to both mind and body, leaving no bad effects of gross, impure medicine for the system to overcome.

Dr. Wood cures the following diseases: Chronic Liver Complaint, Disease of the Kidneys, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Spinal Complaints, Pains in the Side, Back, Shoulders, Hips and Chest, Headache, Neuralgia, Heart Disease, Rheumatism, Chronic and Acute Female Diseases and Irregularities, Sore and Weak Eyes, Deafness, Ringing in the Head, Bronchial Affections, Chronic Catarrh and General Debility, caused by any of the above afflictions.

OFFICE—Northwest corner of Third and Morrison streets, Portland.

Dr Sodville Mathieu, the well known French physician has returned to his permanent office at the St Charles hotel, room No 101, after having achieved unparalleled success in his treatment of many hopeless cases in the Willamette valley. Following are a few of the cases effected: G C Adkins of Salem, paralyzed six years; F L Bristow, ex editor of the Salem *Mercury*, nasal catarrh 17 years standing; Walter Moss, neuralgia, 9 years standing; James Levitt, nasal catarrh; Mrs Towell, of Salem, neuralgia, a life long disease; Mrs Dr Bailey, of Corvallis and Miss Cora Bailey. We hope the foregoing cures are sufficient to convince the intelligent public of the great success and skillful treatment of the doctor.

Dr Adams Medical and Surgical Institute at Hood River, is now open. Chronic diseases of every description are being treated with astonishing results. Do not throw away money on experiments but go to Hood River and get cured. Board and treatment per week $[illegible]; board without treatment $8, invariably in advance.

Mrs B A Owens M D. Office and residence east side First street between Yamhill and Taylor. Special attention given to Women and Children complaints. Also gives Medicated Vapor Baths combined with Electricity in treating Rheumatism and Chronic Diseases.

A Gentle Hint.

In our style of climate with its sudden changes of temperature—rain, wind and sunshine often intermingled in a single day—it is no wonder that our children, friends and relatives are so frequently taken from us by neglected colds, half the deaths resulting directly from this cause. A bottle of Boschee's German Syrup kept about your house for immediate use will prevent serious sickness, a large doctor's bill and perhaps death, by the use of three or four doses. For curing Consumption, Hemorrhages, Pneumonia, Severe Coughs, Croup or any disease of the Throat or Lungs its success is simply wonderful, as your druggist will tell you. German Syrup is now sold in every town and village on this continent. Sample bottles for 10c; regular size 75c.

Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer is a scientific combination of some of the most powerful restorative agents in the vegetable kingdom. It restores gray hair to its original color. It makes the scalp white and clean. It cures dandruff and humors and falling out of the hair. It furnishes the nutritive principle by which the hair is nourished and supported. It makes the hair moist, soft and glossy, and is unsurpassed as a hair dressing. It is the most economical preparation ever offered to the public, as its effects remain a long time, making only an occasional application necessary. It is recommended and used by eminent medical men and officially endorsed by the State Assayer of Massachusetts. For sale by all dealers.

VANCOUVER REPUBLICAN PRIMARY MEETING.

Preparatory to the election of delegates to attend the Constitutional Convention which meets at Walla Walla next June the Republicans of Vancouver Precinct held their primary meeting at the City Hall in Vancouver last Saturday and organized by choosing Hon S D Maxon, chairman and H C Leiser secretary. After electing thirteen delegates to attend the county convention which meets next Saturday the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS Daniel Bagley chairman of the Republican territorial central committee together with certain Puget Sound members of that committee has called a convention of the second judicial district to meet at Olympia on the 28th instant and

WHEREAS The members of that committee residing in the Columbia river counties were not consulted or notified in regard to such call and

WHEREAS A convention for said district held at Olympia would be inconvenient and out of the way and would discommode a large majority of the delegates to such convention and

WHEREAS The town of Kalama is located more nearly in the center of said district and would therefore be a convenient place to meet and would accommodate all the counties in the district now therefore be it

Resolved, By the Republicans of Vancouver precinct that we disapprove the action of Daniel Bagley chairman of the aforesaid committee and the other members of that committee co operating with him in calling the second judicial district convention to meet at Olympia without first consulting the wishes of the majority of the district composed of the Columbia river counties and be it further

Resolved, That our delegates to the county convention which assembles on the 23d instant, be and they are hereby instructed to urge upon said county convention the practicability and necessity of assembling the second judicial district convention at Kalama on the 28th instant.

On motion it was ordered that copies of these proceedings and resolutions be furnished the Vancouver *Independent* and DAILY OREGONIAN for publication, after which the meeting adjourned.

S D MAXON Chairman
H C LEISER, Secretary

LETTERS OF DISTINGUISHED PEOPLE TO JESSE SHEPARD.

The following are among the hundreds of letters in Mr Shepard's possession from distinguished leaders in the world of science, religion, literature and fashion:

ST. PETERSBURG August 10 1872

By a telegram received from the emperor's counsellor, the Baron Von Levin I am commanded to escort you to the Palace of Paul at Gatchin to morrow. You will remain two nights at the palace and give one or two seances to the different members of the Imperial court. Yours obediently

COUNT TANISKI

BADEN BADEN July 1871

My Dear Mr Shepard—I have this day spoken with the Archbishop, who desires you to sing in the cathedral at high mass next Sunday. I have also seen the Duchess of Hamilton and the Queen of Prussia who would like to witness your wonderful seances etc etc.

LA BARONNE DE LOE

To the greatest living authority on the science of magnetism, the Baron du Potet, Paris:

My Dear Professor—I take great pleasure in sending this letter by the eminent medium and prodigy Mr J Shepard whom you will find is possessed of more mystery than you have yet fathomed in your celebrated works. Your obedient servant and pupil

LE MARQUIS DU PLANTY

From the *London Court Journal* 1870: The sensation of last week was the performance of a young gentleman from Paris who caused the greatest excitement at a west end reception by his wonderful and mysterious music.

BELGRAVE SQUARE,
LONDON June, 1870

The Dowager Viscountess Combermere presents her compliments to Mr Jesse Shepard, and as she hears he will kindly accept invitations to select parties, hopes he will favor her by his presence on Sunday evening, April 17th. Lady Combermere has invited the Embassadors of Prussia, Austria, Spain and Brazil.

48 ONSLOW SQUARE,
LONDON, 1870

The Countess of Dunraney presents her compliments to Mr Shepard and would say that she and her friends, including the Dean of Armagh were so pleased with Mr Shepard's powers on Friday evening last, that it will gratify her much if he will give her a series of seances during the coming week.

BRIGHTON Eng, Nov 11, 1872

Dear Mr Shepard—It will give me great pleasure to meet you on your arrival in Brighton and do all in my power to promote your professional success.

SIR CORDY BURROWS,
Mayor of Brighton

21 COLVILLE ROAD
LONDON, Feb 12 1874

My Dear Mr Shepard—Mr Clowes, Mr Marston and Mr Crowdy—all gentlemen of much influence in literary circles of London—are very anxious to meet you and see some of those marvelous manifestations which come to you etc etc. Believe me yours truly,

FLORENCE MARYATT CHURCH
Editor of London Society, etc., etc.

Mr Jesse Shepard the *world renowned* universal medium will give seances for the demonstration of the most startling manifestations known in the realm of psychological and metaphysical science.

Dr R. F Price, 129 First Street, Portland, Oregon.

Dr R F Price graduate of a German university devotes special attention to the cure of CHRONIC DISEASES whatever their nature may be, particularly those of a *delicate, complicated* or obstinate character. Bad effects of *youthful follies* quickly cured. *Manhood* restored. *Prompt relief for ladies out of health*. *Diploma* and *testimonials* open for inspection. *No flattery!* No quackery! No deception!

The Consolidated Virginia office now treat all their friends visiting them with a little Private Stock Noble Whisky drawn direct from the package, which is in handsome shape.—*Vir Chronicle*

FINNEY'S HAVANA CIGAR STORE,
Opposite Stroworidge's Block, has on hand and for sale a large assortment of fine Cigars, Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, the best, cheapest and largest assortment in the city. Call, judge for yourself, and be convinced that I give more satisfaction for your money than any other retail store here.
93 FIRST STREET.

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Pure Drugs, Chemicals and Medicines.

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The Restaurant will be conducted on the European plan. nov7dtf

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FIRST ST., ONE DOOR BELOW STARK.

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First street, opposite Odd Fellows Temple,
JULES LeGRAND, - PROPRIETOR.
Dinner from 11 A. M. to 1 P. M., Supper 5 to 8 P. M.
A Square Meal, including table wine, for 25 cents.
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LABOR EXCHANGE
Corner First and Jefferson Sts.
Employers in want of skilled or unskilled labor, please call. No charge made.
N B—Old "Baches" provided with wives all as one as new.
Board and Lodging, per Week, $5 00
Board, $4 00; Day, $1 00.

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Dealer in all kinds of
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Highest Price paid for all kinds of Fat Stock.

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Washington St., near Third.
Is prepared to supply Fresh
Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.
Free delivery to any part of the city.

J. S. KELLER,
Cor. Madison and First Streets.
Is prepared to supply Fresh
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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

PILES!
Hemorrhoids or Piles
Blind or Bleeding—Prolapsus Recti, Fistula in Ano, and all Diseases of the Rectum.
"DR. T. F. WIGHTMAN'S PROCESS."
MY TREATMENT AND SPEEDY CURE OF Piles and Diseases of the Rectum is now acknowledged as a sure thing by many, even in the most stubborn and long standing cases. Acknowledgments and letters from persons cured can be seen at my rooms and residence. Persons desiring to avail themselves of the present opportunity of being cured, can call or write, with stamp, for reply. Those living at a distance can be treated just as well by letter as if present. The "Process" will be neatly packed and sent by express, "C O D." Address DR. T. F. WIGHTMAN, Postoffice Box 700, Portland, Oregon. Office and residence south side of Madison, west of First street.
N. B.—My stay will be but for a short time in Portland, as I shall soon return east. No knife, ligature or caustics or other painful experiments; no waiting for days for relief; immediate relief and positive cure. Dr. T F WIGHTMAN,
Postoffice Box 700 Portland, Ogn.

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MACHINISTS,
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Will Practice in all Courts of Record in the State of Oregon and Washington Territory

The Daily Oregonian.

MONDAY MORNING, FEB. 18, 1878.

THE FASCINATING DUCHESS.

MARK TWAIN'S ADVENTURE IN THE JARDIN MABILLE.

On my arrival at Paris I inquired where was the best place to spend an evening, and was told that the most aristocratic place of resort was the Jardin Mabille. I took a cab and proceeded thither. I found myself in a beautiful garden, brilliantly lighted. There was a crowd of ladies and gentlemen, a fine band was playing and quadrille forming. While I was gazing about a gentleman asked me if I wished to dance. I said I would like to, but that I was a stranger, and not acquainted with any of the nobility present. He smiled and said the French nobility were exceedingly affable and obliging, and that he would be pleased to introduce me to a lady of high rank and varied accomplishments, who would dance with me if I wished. Then he presented to me the young Duchess d'Asafœtida (that's as near as I could catch the name).

I had never stood face to face with a duchess before, and therefore felt diffident and ill at ease. This graceful creature understood my case at once, and within two or three minutes made me feel perfectly at home—more than at home, I may say. I never met a lady so easy to get acquainted with as she was. It must require a high cultivation, only to be attained in the upper ranks of society, to give one such self-possession as hers. This duchess smiled upon me in the most encouraging way, and tapped me on the shoulder with her fan, then she looked up into my face and charmed away all my embarrassment with a burst of cheery laughter that was full of happiness and garlic.

Next she took my arm, beating time to the music with her fan, and still uttering that fragrant laughter. And next she put her arm around my neck. This was somewhat unexpected, I must say. It made me feel blissfully uncomfortable. I enjoyed it, but, at the same time, I was afraid it might attract attention. I intimated as gently as I could, that the duke, her father, might be in the crowd somewhere, but she only laughed more odorously than ever. I feared the paternal duke might invite me to breakfast on pistols and coffee. I like coffee, but I do not consider that it improves it to mix it with hardware. This I hinted to the duchess, and she received it with one of those peculiar laughs of hers that was perfectly smothering.

Just then the music struck up furiously, the duchess exclaimed, "Come!" and dashed away with me. The crowd closed up to our set, and walled it on every side. I had never before seen so much curiosity displayed in a mere quadrille by disinterested parties. Dukes and duchesses began to prance to and fro in the dance with wild energy of purpose and extravagance of gesture.

I began to get interested. I glanced across, my partner was just turning; she miscalculated the length of her limbs, and lifted her dress accordingly; she came prancing over; I sallied forth to meet her, and when we were within a yard of each other, I wish I may never be believed again if she did not kick the hat off my head! I stooped to pick it up and a noble aristocrat fell over me; others followed him, both ladies and gentlemen—and I never saw such a chaos of struggling limbs and frantic drapery since the benches broke down at the circus when I was a boy. It was pure good fortune that nobody got hurt.

When I got out I went to my place at the head of the quadrille and staid there. I had lost confidence; this dance was too high toned for me. It had peculiarities that were new or unexpected. I had seen plenty of quadrilles, but I had never seen one with the variations before. The Duchess resumed her mad career and the rest of the nobility danced just as she did. Each seemed to have but one object in view—to outdo its opposite in violence of action and eccentricity of conduct. These French people are very Frenchy. If I had not known that these people were the flower of the French nobility I should have thought that they began their education in a gymnasium and graduated in a circus.

The first time the Duchess halted by my side for a moment, I whispered to her to calm her gushing spirits, not to meddle with her dress, and for public opinion's sake, not to step so high. I said she could get over just as much ground at a moderate gait; and, besides, the noble grand duke, her father, might happen along at any moment. I might as well have talked to the wind. She only laughed that characteristic laugh of hers, that silvery laugh that I could recognize anywhere, if I were to the leeward, and then, bending a little, she grabbed up the sides of her apparel with both hands, began to jerk it to and fro in a violent manner, threw her magnificent head back, and skipped furiously away on an Irish jig step, all excitement, wild hilarity, dishevelled costume, frenzied motion! A spectacle to seal the eye balls and to astonish the soul of a hermit! And when she reached the center she snatched her cumbering dresses free, and launched a kick at the hat of a tall nobleman that fairly loosened the scalp on the top of his head. I fled the scene, exclaiming, "What can she mean by such conduct as those!"

I admire Paris, but, in my opinion, the ways of the nobility are not what they ought to be.

THE POETRY OF THE OLD PLANTATION.

[From the Atlanta (Ga.) Constitution.]

Now that the problem of slavery—which, even before the desperate cast of the die in 1861, had begun to perplex the more thoughtful of the southern people—is successfully (but, oh! how cruelly!) solved, even the bare suggestion of its re-establishment is unsavory; but the memory of the old plantation will remain a grand and precious forever.

What carnival were those days on the old plantation!—How vividly you remember the slightest incident! How picturesque the panorama that passes before your mind's eye! There was the fox hunt planned for the especial benefit of Miss Carrie de Compton, the belle of Rockville. (If we should give the name of the town you would abuse us for giving you to the newspapers!) You remember lying in a state between dreaming and waking as Aunt Patience, fat and dinky—heaven rest the good old negro's soul!—comes into your room, with much ado, bearing a steaming cup of coffee. Curiously enough, you recall almost her very words as she endeavors to arouse you to a contemplation of the necessities of such a momentous occasion as a fox hunt. "Well I declar ter gracious, ef dat chile ain't layin' dar yit! Git outen dat bed dis minnit! How yer gwine ter ketch foxes under dat bolster? Git up frum dar! Dat young gal done bin up too long ter talk 'bout!" You remember what an impression the fair Carrie made upon you in her trim riding-habit, and how, when, with one dainty hand holding the gathered folds of her skirt, she stooped to caress your favorite hound Flora, you lost your heart utterly. It is all indelibly impressed upon your memory—the ride to Sir Reynold's range, the casting about of the hounds, the sudden burst of canine melody as the fox gets up right in the midst of the pack, the hard ride at the heels of the hounds for a few moments, and then the sudden inspiration on your part that it would be well to guide the De Compton to a point near which the fox (an old customer of yours) would surely pass. You remember how you vainly endeavored to convince your skeptical charge that the slight, dark shadow stealing across the hillside not a quarter of a mile away was the veritable fox the dogs were after: how your whole frame tingled with delight when the soul-stirring music of the hounds were borne to your ear on the crisp breeze of morning, and what a thrill came over you as the pack burst into view running with heads up and tails down—your Flora far to the front and flying like a meteor!

What nights were the nights on the old plantation! The mellow light of the harvest moon crept through the rustling leaves of the tall oaks, fell softly upon the open space beyond, and bathed the brown old barn in a flood of golden glory, while the songs of the negroes at the corn pile—lusty chorus and plaintive refrain—shook the silence until it broke upon the air in far-reaching waves of melody. But alas! all these are gone. The moon pursues her pathway as serene as of old, but she no longer looks down upon the scenes that were familiar to your youth. The old homestead and the barn are given up to decay, and the songs of the negroes have been hushed into silence by the necessities of a new dispensation. The old plantation itself is gone. It has passed away, but the hand of Time, inexorable and yet tender, has woven about it the sweet suggestion of poetry and romance—memorials that neither death nor decay can destroy.

THE SILVER QUESTION IN A NUTSHELL.

[From the New York Independent.]

One of our subscribers, who seems to be a little perplexed about this silver business, but is, on the whole, inclined to think the Bland silver bill about right, wishes us to answer a question, which we give as follows, in his own words:

"Now, will you explain to an old subscriber of your very valuable paper this point? If paper, which is worth in itself nothing, by being invested with the legal tender quality, will rise to 97 cents in gold, why will not silver, which, outside of any coinage, has a value of 92 cents in gold, rise equally high when made a legal tender?"

We must say that our "old subscriber" has got things pretty badly mixed in this question. He assumes that "paper," by which he means greenbacks, has risen to 97 cents in gold because it is a legal tender. Was not this "paper" a legal tender when it was worth less than 40 cents in gold, and when it took about $284 of this "paper" to buy $100 in gold? Surely it was; and this shows that the legal-tender character of the "paper" has little or nothing to do with its commercial value, as compared with gold. The simple truth is that the increasing prospect of an early payment of this "paper" in gold, and not its legal tender character, is the reason why it has risen to ninety-seven cents on the dollar in gold. Make it payable to-day in gold, and it will circulate among the people at the same value, because they will all know that they can get the gold for it, if they wish to do so. The way to make and keep paper equal to gold is to redeem it in gold at the option of the holder; and this is what is meant by specie payment.

Our "old subscriber" also needs a little light in regard to the silver dollar, as proposed to be coined in the Bland silver bill. Unlike the greenback, this silver dollar, though made a legal tender, will not be *redeemable* in gold or anything else. It will not be a promise to pay anything; any more than is the gold dollar such a promise. It would be simply a metallic dollar, and its commercial value would be determined by the value of the silver bullion which it contains; and this, at the present value of silver, would be at the rate of ninety-two cents on the dollar, as compared with the gold dollar. The weight of the silver dollar must be increased by putting more silver into it, which is not proposed in the Bland bill, or it would not in the market pass at the value of the gold dollar, unless silver shall rise to about sixty pence per ounce, of which there is at present no prospect.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial.

SATURDAY EVENING, Feb. 16 1878.

Legal tenders in Portland—buying 97¼, selling 93¼.

Silver Coin—4½ per cent. discount.

The continuance of stormy weather prevents any material progress in business matters and we are compelled to note a very quiet condition of affairs in all departments of finance and trade. Local events in monetary circles are unimportant and without any change in the general tendency of rates to settle at a lower figure than has ruled for a long time before in this market.

Messrs. Rodgers, Meyer & Co. have filed in the county Clerk's office their power of attorney to Mr. Edw. D. McKee authorizing him to conduct their business in Portland—to sue, collect and generally manage their business. The power states that Wm. Meyer and John Wilson of Liverpool, England, and Fritz Habenicht and Hermann Louis Edward Meyer, of San Francisco, compose the firm of Rodgers, & Co., of Liverpool, and Rodgers, Meyers & Co., of San Francisco, and that the aforesaid two firms constitute that of Rodgers, Meyer & Co., of Portland.

The wires to-day bring us the intelligence that as far as congressional action can make it, the much discussed silver bill is a law and it only awaits the presidential approval to go into operation. And, whether that approval is given or withheld there seems now little reason to doubt that the American people will have an opportunity to test the truth of the assertion made by some of the advocates of the bill, that the measure would be the most effective means of reviving depressed business and restoring prosperity throughout the country. So far, it seems by our dispatches the gold market at New York has not been affected by it, nor has it raised the price of silver in London which is quoted ⅛d lower and "flat."

An eastern exchange says on the tariff question and the evident tendency to drift into free trade:

The financial and trade reports we receive from Great Britain are all gloomy. The manufacturers see their products piling up and American goods on the counters of their best customers. In fact so little business is England doing that vessels are going into Liverpool and departing empty. In France, bills are readily discounted at less than 2 per cent; in some cases at 1½; for all business is at a standstill owing to the political excitement. As for the total figures, France, even with the war and the general prostration of industry has increased her exports 50 per cent. in ten years and the United States twenty-seven, while England has almost stood still. Is it any wonder that England is alarmed at the growing protective feeling in France and Germany? Could anything be more suicidal than to yield our principles and give up the game to Great Britain just when we hold all the winning cards?

Boston Wool Market.

Boston, Feb. 16.—Wool generally unchanged with no prospect of any improvement, and holders find it difficult to place wool, except at concessions. Oregon combing, 30@31, unwashed fleeces 22@28, Oregon 22½@35, scoured 34@35, and superfine in very fair demand, with sales of 530,000 lbs at 17a34c for spring and 13½a25c for fall. The movement in California wool is more satisfactory than in other kinds.

Home Produce Market.

WHEAT—There is nothing new to report in this cereal. Buyers here are not operating to any important extent, nor could they if so inclined. Quotations are nominal at $1 85@1 90.

FLOUR—The market has declined to $5 for standard extras. $5 50@6 for best country brands and $1 75 @$5 for superfine. Trade is moderately active.

OATS—The decline of the past ten days continues, and buyers now are offering 45@50 cents per bushel at the outside quotations.

BARLEY—Sales are difficult to make and shipments are entirely off. Quotable nominally at $1 45 for best brewing; feed, $1 25@1 35.

MILL FEED—There is a fair supply and prices are weak at $32 50@35 ₱ ton for middlings, $30@ $32 50 for chop, and $20 for bran.

HAY—Moderate receipts are noted with dealers paying $10@11 per ton for best timothy baled, and loose selling from wagons at $8@9.

POTATOES—The current demand is liberally supplied, shippers and commission houses paying 45@50 cts per bushel for good to best varieties.

ONIONS—In fair request only at $1@1 25 per 100 pounds.

LARD—The supply is ample and the market weak at 10@12½ cents ₱ lb.

RIPE APPLES—There is a fair demand for choice varieties for shipment at 90c@$1 per box.

DRIED PLUMS—With pits, 11½@35c; pitless, 10 @12c ₱ lb.

DAIRY PRODUCTS—Butter, solid, 18@20c ₱ lb; brine, 18@20c; choice dairy 20@22½c; cheese, quotable at 15@16c ₱ lb. Market quiet.

BACON—Supply large, but generally trade is very dull; shipments being almost entirely off for the present. Jobbers sell at 11@12c for sides, but could hardly afford 10c for shipments. Hams 12@ 14c, shoulders dull at 8@9c.

DRIED APPLES—Very dull sale; quotable at 4 @5c ₱ lb for sun-dried.

CHICKENS—Moderate receipts are noted and prices steady at $3@4, according to quality.

EGGS—Trade dull with quotations at 22½ cts per dozen and the tendency downward.

WOOL—No change noted in market rates, little being done in the way of transactions.

FRESH MEATS—Beef, dressed, 4@5c ₱ lb; on foot 2@2½c; dressed hogs, 5@6½c ₱ lb; mutton sheep $2@2 50 ₱ head.

HIDES AND FURS—We quote best selected hides at 14½@15c ₱ lb; culls, ⅓ off; green, salted, 5a6c; elk, 6a8c ₱ lb; deer, 20a25c ₱ lb for dried, and 50a75 each, green; mink skins, 50@$1 each; otter, $1 each; beaver, 75@$1 15 ₱ lb.

Shipping Intelligence.

The steamship City of Chester, from San Francisco, has arrived at this port.

The steamship George W. Elder is announced to sail from San Francisco for Portland on Tuesday next.

The Br. bark Jeanie Landels is reported on the market for a charter.

The bark Garibaldi has her cargo of lumber about all aboard, and will be ready to sail during the coming week.

Advertising Contracts.

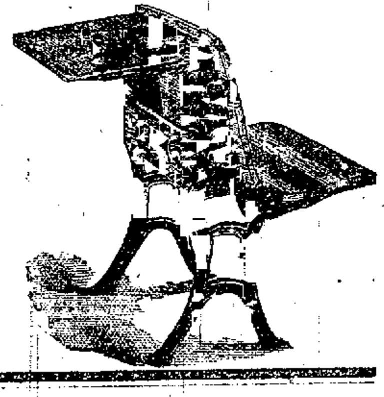
PUBLISHERS' RATES MADE FOR THE LEADing Newspapers of Oregon and Washington Territory.

D. H. STEARNS,
75 First St., over J. K. Gill's Book Store,
Portland, Or. n22dtf

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.—In the District Court of the United States, District of Oregon. In Re, George W. Davis, Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy District of Oregon, ss: At Portland the 29th day of January, 1878, the undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of George W. Davis, of McMinnville, in the county of Yamhill, State of Oregon, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition, by the District Court of said district.
ja30dlaw3tW A. M. HURLEY, Assignee.

PIANOS! PIANOS! PIANOS
GET THE BEST AT H. SINSHEIMER'S,
143 First Street, between Yamhill and Taylor.
Sole Agent for
The ONLY GENUINE DECKER PIANO
Manufactured by Myron A. Decker, (established 1856), which received the
Gold Medal at the Oregon State Fair, 1877,
And numerous other State and International Exhibitions.
On hand and to arrive per every steamer, the various Styles of Pianos manufactured by the above Celebrated maker, and the PRINCE ORGAN, which I will sell at greatly
REDUCED FIGURES FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS.

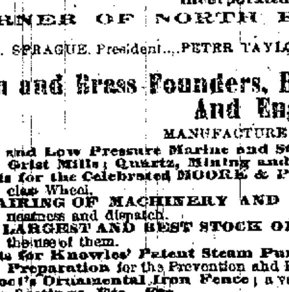
ESTABLISHED 1857.
G. SHINDLER, Portland. | F. S. CHADBOURNE, San Francisco.
Shindler & Chadbourne,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Furniture and Bedding
Of every description.
Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mirrors, Wall Papers, Etc.
First street, bet. Morrison and Yamhill, Portland, Oregon.
WALNUT, MAPLE AND ASH
Counting House & Office Desks.
As heretofore, we are still manufacturing the STANDARD SCHOOL DESK. Are also agents for the "VICTOR" Desk, the wood work made of Oregon Ash or Maple. The Victor is the best Desk ever offered in this market. Send for price list.



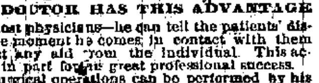
SMITH BROS' IRON & BRASS WORKS
South Front Street, between Harrison and Hall.
In Fireproof Building formerly occupied by the Oregon Iron Works Company
MANUFACTURERS OF
Steam Engines and Boilers, Saw Mill, Grist Mill, Quartz and Canning Machinery, Turbine Water Wheels, Iron and Brass Castings, Kettles and Sheet-Iron Work and Iron Railings.
MACHINERY, BOILERS, and CASTINGS of all kinds made to order on short notice

WILLAMET IRON WORKS.
Incorporated September 14, 1865,
CORNER OF NORTH FRONT AND "E" STREET
J. W. SPRAGUE, President.... PETER TAYLOR, Vice President ... WALTER THOMPSON, Secretary.
Iron and Brass Founders, Boiler Makers, General Machinist And Engine Builders,
MANUFACTURE AND HAVE FOR SALE
High and Low Pressure Marine and Stationary ENGINES and BOILERS; Saw Mill, Grist Mills; Quartz, Mining and Agricultural Machinery.
Agents for the Celebrated MOORE & PARKER WATER WHEEL, cheaper than any first class Wheel.
REPAIRING OF MACHINERY AND BOILERS promptly attended to and executed with neatness and dispatch.
THE LARGEST AND BEST STOCK OF PATTERNS North of San Francisco. No charge the use of them.
Agents for Knowles' Patent Steam Pump, the best in use. Also, Agents for the Ammoniacal Preparation for the Prevention and Removal of Boiler Scale.
DeGroot's Ornamental Iron Fence; a variety of Beautiful Patterns for Cemeteries, etc.
House Castings, Etc., Etc.
JAMES LOTAN, Superintendent

P. GOLDSMITH, Nos. 247 and 249 Water street, New York. | J. LOEWENBERG, Portland
GOLDSMITH & LOEWENBERG.
32 and 34 Front Street, O. S. N. Co's Block
Importers and Dealers in
STOVES, RANGES AND METALS,
Tinmen's & Plumber's Stock. Lead & Iron Pipe
FORCE AND LIFT PUMPS.
HYDRAULIC RAMS INDIA RUBBER HOSE
House Furnishing Hardware,
BIRD CAGES AND WIRE GOODS,
Water Coolers. Ice Cream Freezers,
And the Excelsior Metallic Refrigerator

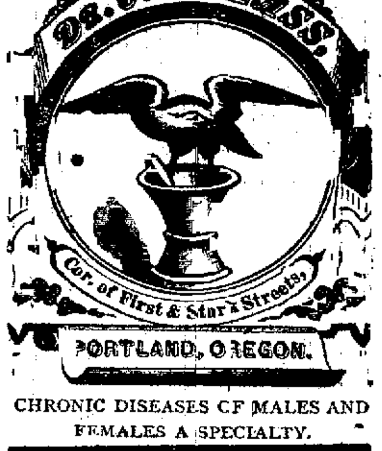


DR. PAUL M. BRENAN.
His Wonderful Success
IN THE TREATMENT OF ALL
Chronic and Private Diseases
He has astonished the People of this Coast by his skillful Operations.
HE HAS TAUGHT IN HIS public and private lectures the true principles of health and life to both male and female. He has also warned them against habits that would be likely to produce disease, in plain and comprehensive language. But where he has found them crushed and broken down by disease, mentally and physically, he has restored them to health and happiness, for it is well understood that without health there can be no happiness.
DR. BRENAN
has made a specialty in the treatment of the following diseases: Catarrh, Bronchitis, and all diseases of the throat and chest, by an entirely new system only known to himself. Diseases of the Kidneys and Urinary Organs, including Spermatorrhea, Seminal Weakness or premature loss of Manhood. In the treatment of these diseases he has made a world wide reputation by his astonishing success, not only on this Coast but throughout the whole United States. Diseases of the stomach, bowels, liver and kidneys as well as all diseases of the blood and skin he has become master of, and never fails to give relief at once, and permanently cures the case if he is applied to in time.
THE DOCTOR HAS GIVEN SPECIAL LECTURES
to ladies only for years and is perfectly familiar with all female complaints, and understands their delicate and refined organization, as well as the proper remedies which should be used to allay their suffering and restore them to perfect health.
THE DOCTOR HAS THIS ADVANTAGE
over most physicians—he can tell the patients' disease the moment he comes in contact with them without any aid from the individual. This accounts in part for his great professional success.
All surgical operations can be performed by his skillful hand, and the patient need not fear the result.
DR. BRENAN
will send to those living at a distance and who cannot well visit his office a list of Printed Questions and by the answers when filled out he can tell the disease as well as the proper treatment almost as well as seeing the patient personally, and will forward the proper medicines, or instruments, to any part of the country with full instructions and advice. Each letter requiring advice or list of questions, must contain two postage stamps.
Everything strictly confidential and honorable.
THE DOCTOR
has studied in the best Medical Schools in Europe and three years in the Jefferson Medical College at Philadelphia, as more than one of the Medical men of the Medical Faculty in this State can testify.
CAUTION.
Persons coming to Portland, requiring medical treatment of the proper kind, who desire to consult with me, will please beware of persons who may try to coax them away to other so-called Doctors, through pretended friendship for the patients. Look out for them: they are knaves, prompted by selfish motives and what they can make. Be sure and ask for DR. PAUL M. BRENAN, the *Medical Lecturer*, and read his sign on his door, Room No. 7, Corbett's Block, over O'Connor's Store, corner of Front and Washington streets.



CHAS. LOUIS KUHN,
Cor. Third and A streets, Portland, P. O. Box 545
DEALER IN BILLIARDS AND BILLIARD Goods of all descriptions. Agent for the J. M. Brunswick & Balke Co. Standard Novelty Billiard, Virginia Pool Tables, etc., etc.

PIONEER WOOD YARD
FOOT OF YAMHILL STREET.
J. SORENSEN.
ALL KINDS OF WOOD,
Sawed and unsawed, constantly on hand and delivered to any part of the City.



DR. C. G. GLASS.
Cor. of First & Stark Streets
PORTLAND, OREGON.
CHRONIC DISEASES OF MALES AND FEMALES A SPECIALTY.

EVERDING & BEEBE,
Commission Merchants,
EXPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
[illegible]
OF ALL KINDS
STAPLE GROCERIES,
FIRE BRICK AND FIRE CLAY,
GRAIN SACKS & TWINE
NO. 27 FRONT ST.,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

CITY TAXES.

The TAX ROLL for 1878 is now in my hands for collection, and all Taxes assessed thereon must be paid at my office, No. 88 First Street, within thirty days from this date, or the same will be returned as delinquent.

JOSEPH BACHMAN,
Treasurer City of Portland.

Portland, Feb. 6, 1878.

Attention is called to the following extract from Ordinance No. 1114:

All taxes, licenses, assessments for street improvements, etc., etc., * * * and all moneys arising from any other source belonging and payable in or into the City Treasury, shall hereafter be paid in gold coin of the United States of America, and not otherwise; *provided*, that sums not exceeding five dollars ($5) may be paid in silver coin. f6d1m

State Treasurer's Fifth Notice.

STATE OF OREGON,
TREASURER'S OFFICE,
Salem, February 1, 1878.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THERE are funds in the Treasury for the payment of State Warrants classed and numbered as follows:

Warrants of old issue, payable from fund derived from special tax, indorsed prior to Sept. 11 1874, viz: Nos. 474, 475, 503, 505, 506, 507, 508, 492, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 510, 513 and 521.

Warrants payable from general fund, indorsed since Sept. 11, 1876, viz: Nos. 1071, 1231, 1235, 1236, 1242, 1243, 1244, 1246, 1247, 1249, 1248, 1250, 1251, 1252, 1253, 1256, 1261, 1258, 1259, 1262, 1265, 1266, 1277, 1278, 1280, 1281, 1282, 1324, 1325, 1326, 1281, 1331, 1332, 1335, 1336, 1337 and 1341.

Interest on the above Warrants will cease from this date.

A. H. BROWN,
State Treasurer.

f4d3w

BANKS.

Bank of British North America
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER
PAID UP CAPITAL - - $5,000,000.
Head Office—London, England.
Branches in the Dominion of Canada:
Montreal, Kingston, St. John,
Quebec, Brantford, Halifax,
Toronto, London, Victoria, B. C.
Hamilton, Ottawa, Stanley, B. C.
In the United States:
NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND Or.
Agents:
SCOTLAND—National Bank of Scotland, Commercial Bank of Scotland.
IRELAND—Provincial Bank of Ireland, National Bank Ireland.
WALES—West of England and South Wales Bank.
LIVERPOOL—Bank of Liverpool.
PARIS, France—Marcuard André & Cie.
Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers bought and sold. Bills discounted and collected. Loans made. Moneys received on special deposit, or on Current account, subject to check; Commercial Credits granted, and a general Banking business transacted.
J. GOODFELLOW, Agent.

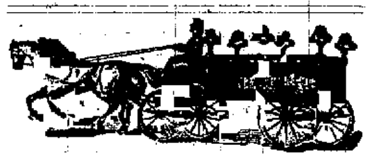
OREGON & WASHINGTON
MORTGAGE SAVINGS BANK,
(LIMITED)
Office in Portland,
SAVINGS BANK BUILDING,
32 First street.
President of Scottish Board of Directors,
ALEXANDER GOURLAY, Esq., Shipbuilder, Dundee.
Head Office, 27 Bank st., Dundee.
President of Oregon Board of Directors,
DONALD MACLEAY, Esq., (of Corbitt & Macleay,)
Managing Director,
WILLIAM REID, Esq., Portland.
This Savings Bank receives deposits not only from the industrial and farming classes of Oregon but also from Scotland, for the purpose of safely investing the same (along with its capital) principally on Real Estate Mortgages secured over improved farms and Portland City Properties, and to assist its Depositors and others in the erection of Buildings and Improvements within the State.
Loans made on Real Estate, 10 per cent.

LADD & TILTON, BANKERS.
DEPOSITS RECEIVED, AND COIN AND CURRENCY accounts kept, subject to Check at sight.
COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted.
INTEREST FROM DATE paid on Coin Time Deposits.
Coin & Currency Exchange
(Sight and Telegraphic,) for sale on
SAN FRANCISCO. NEW YORK.
ST. LOUIS. CHICAGO.
Bills of Exchange,
Drawn in the usual way, for any sum desired, on
LONDON. HONG KONG.
PARIS. BERLIN.
FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.
Incorporated by Royal Charter.
Paid up Capital.........$2,000,000
With power to increase to $10,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE...London.
BRANCHES....Victoria (B. C.), San Francisco and Portland.
AGENTS:
NEW YORK, CHICAGO, CANADA......Bank of Montreal.
MEXICO & SOUTH AMERICA...London Bank of Mexico & South America.
IRELAND.........Bank of Ireland.
SCOTLAND.........British Linen Company.
ENGLAND.........National Provincial Bank of England.
LIVERPOOL......Bank of Liverpool. North & South Wales Bank
This Bank transacts a General Banking business. Deposits received on current account, subject to check.
Approved Bills discounted. Loans made on available security. Collections made promptly.
Exchange sold on London, Liverpool and on the principal towns and cities in Ireland and Scotland from £1 upwards. Also on all places in Canada in sums to suit. Coin and Currency drafts and Telegraphic Transfers on New York and Chicago.
Commercial Credits granted, available in Europe New York, China, Japan, South America, Australia and New Zealand.
W. W. FRANCIS, Acting Manager.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF PORTLAND.
Designated Depositary and Financial Agent United States.
President............HENRY FAILING.
Cashier............JAMES STEEL.
DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN OR CURRENCY subject to check at sight.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued available in the Atlantic Cities
SIGHT EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS payable in Coin or Currency; for sale on NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS.
SIGHT or SIXTY DAY BILLS drawn in sums to suit, direct on
LONDON, PARIS,
BERLIN, FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN

UNDERTAKERS.



JOHN EWERY. JOHN GARNOLD
EWERY & GARNOLD.
Cabinet Makers & Undertakers
DEALERS IN
Metallic & Wooden Coffins, Caskets, Cases and all kinds of Undertakers Goods.
All kinds of CABINET WORK made to order.
Furniture Repaired.
Corner Washington and Second Sts., Portland, Ogn

HORATIO COOKE
UNDERTAKER,
And Dealer in Undertakers' Goods,
77 Second St., bet. Washington and Stark
Portland, Oregon. P. O. Box 94.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.—Whereas on the 22d day of January, 1878, an order and judgment of the District Court of the United States for the district of Oregon, in the matter of J. H. Fairchilds, George Fairchilds, John E. Peterson, and L. Shogren bankrupts, upon the petition of the undersigned, assignee of the estate of said bankrupts, was duly made and entered of record authorizing and directing the undersigned as assignee to sell all the following described real estate belonging to the estate of said J. H. Fairchilds, George Fairchilds, John E. Peterson and L. Shogren, bankrupts, free from all the liens existing thereon, and that such liens be transferred to the fund arising from such sale, to wit: lots numbered three (3) and four (4) in section No. twenty-seven (27) in township No. eleven (11) south of range No. eleven (11) west Willamette meridian, situate and being in Benton county in the State of Oregon, together with the Saw Mill, machinery and fixtures thereon, with the appurtenances. In pursuance of said order and by virtue of the authority in me vested as assignee, now therefore, I the undersigned assignee as aforesaid do hereby give notice that on Wednesday, the 20th day of February, 1878, at the hour of one o'clock P. M., of said day, I will proceed to sell at public auction at the court house door in Corvallis, Benton county, Oregon, all of the said hereinbefore described real property, to the highest bidder for U. S. gold, twenty per cent. thereof to be paid at time of sale, and the balance in ten days upon confirmation of sale. Deed to be at the expense of purchaser. EMMONS ARNOLD, Assignee.

Portland, Jan. 28, 1878. ja29dlaw3tTu

NOTICE OF FINAL MEETING IN BANKRUPTCY.—In U. S. District Court, District of Oregon. In the matter of Joseph Davidson, bankrupt. In Bankruptcy. This is to give notice that by order of said court there will be held on the 14th day of February, 1878, at two o'clock P. M. at Portland, Oregon, in said district, at the office of H. H. Northup, Register in Bankruptcy for said district, the final meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt at which time and place I shall file my final accounts as assignee of the estate of Joseph Davidson, bankrupt, and apply for a settlement of the same, and for a discharge from all liability as assignee of said estate, in accordance with the provisions of section 5 of the U. S. revised statutes.

Jan. 31, 1878. E. ARNOLD, Assignee.
ja31dlaw3tTu

OCEAN STEAMERS.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY
For San Francisco, Direct.
Carrying the United States Mails and Wells, Fargo & Co's Express.
PASSAGE AT REDUCED RATES.
THE NEW AND SPLENDID A 1 Iron Steamship
CITY OF CHESTER,
P. MACKIE............Commander
Will leave the Company's Wharf at Foot of F street for the above port on
TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1878,
At 4:30 o'clock P. M.
For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front streets.
GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

NEW LINE OF STEAMSHIPS
BETWEEN
SAN FRANCISCO AND PORTLAND.
THE P. C. S. S. CO.
WILL HEREAFTER RUN A LINE OF STEAMers regularly between
SAN FRANCISCO AND PORTLAND.
THE FAST AND FAVORITE STEAMSHIP
ANCON,
DEBNEY............COMMANDER
Will leave Portland for San Francisco on
TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1878,
At 4:30 o'clock P. M. sharp.
PASSENGER ACCOMMODATIONS UNSURPASS'D
For Passage and Freights apply to
J. McCRAKEN & CO., Agents.

For PORT TOWNSEND, VICTORIA, NANAIMO, FORT WRANGEL and SITKA.
CARRYING U. S. MAILS.
THE STEAMSHIP
"CALIFORNIA,"
CHAS. THORN............Commander
Will leave the Oregon Steamship Company's Wharf foot of F street, for the above ports on
TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1878,
At 4 o'clock P. M.
For Freight or Passage apply at corner F and Front streets.
GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.
FOR SAN FRANCISCO.
VIA TACOMA.
THE FIRST CLASS IRON STEAMSHIP
CITY OF PANAMA.
Passengers leave Portland per steamer BONITA on
SATURDAY, FEB. 16, AT 6 A. M.
THROUGH FARE, from Portland to San Francisco
Cabin.........$25 00 | Steerage.........$12 00
Tickets for sale at Office Oregon Steam Navigation Company, corner Front and Ash streets, up stairs.

RIVER STEAMERS.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s
PASSENGER SCHEDULE.
PASSENGERS LEAVE PORTLAND FOR DALLES—Daily, (except Sunday) at 5 o'clock A. M.
FOR VICTORIA—Wednesday and Saturday at 6 A. M.
FOR KALAMA, TACOMA AND SEATTLE—Daily (except Sunday), at 6 A. M.
FOR ASTORIA—Daily, (except Sunday,) at 6 A. M.
For Cathlamet, Bay View, Skomockaway and Brookfield—Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A. M.
For Westport, Clifton and Knappa—Tuesday Thursday and Saturday, at 6 A. M.
S. G. REED, Vice President.
July 9, 1877.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s
NOTICE.
THE STEAMER "ANNIE FAXON" WILL leave CELILO for WALLULA on TUESDAY, 29th inst. and will make two trips per week until further notice, unless prevented by ice or low stage of water.
Passengers leaving Portland on Mondays or Fridays will connect through to Wallula.
Freight received on Company's wharf at Portland from and after date.
S. G. REED, Vice President.
Portland, Jan. 24, 1878.

THE WILLAMETTE
Transportation and Locks Co's
STEAMERS leave PORTLAND from the Central Wharf, between Washington and Alder streets, as follows:
FOR DAYTON—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 A. M.
FOR SALEM, ALBANY, CORVALLIS, and intermediate points—Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday at 6 A. M.
For Lightering and Towing of Vessels
Between Portland and Astoria apply at the office of the Company, near corner of Front and Ash sts.
FRANK T. DODGE, Agent.

FOR CORVALLIS.
Steamer CITY OF SALEM
Will leave Pacific Dock, foot of Salmon street, for
Salem, Albany, Corvallis,
And all intermediate points on Willamette river.
ON WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY
Each week, at 5 A. M.
U. B. SCOTT & CO.
Z. J. HATCH, Agent.

The People's Protective Transportation Company's Steamers
Will leave Smith's Wharf hereafter as follows:
S. T. Church—Monday and Thursday, of each week, at 5 o'clock A. M., for Corvallis and intermediate points.
McMinnville—Monday, Wednesday and Friday of each week, at 6 o'clock A. M., for Oregon City, Butteville, Champoeg, Dayton, Lafayette and McMinnville.
For rates apply at the dock or on board.
C. O. T. WILLIAMS, Agent.

Portland & Vancouver Packet.
THE STEAMER VANCOUVER.
JAS. T. GRAY, Master.
WILL LEAVE FOOT OF ALDER STREET daily, Sunday excepted at 2:30 P. M.
Returning leave Vancouver at 8 A. M.
For freight or passage apply on board.
Towing done between 10:30 A. M. and 2 P. M. daily, except Sundays.

COLLIER'S
IRON WORKS
44 Front St., bet. Pine and Oak,
MACHINERY OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
Made to order at short notice.
REPAIRING
Promptly attended to by experienced workmen.

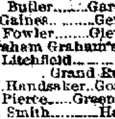
CALVERT'S CARBOLIC
SHEEP WASH,
$2 Per Gallon.
After dipping the sheep, is useful for Preserving Wet Hides, Destroying the Vine Pest, and for Disinfecting Purposes, etc. T. W. JACKSON San Francisco, Sole Agent for the Pacific Coast. 29:1y
f21dly R. IRVING & Co. Agents, Portland.

RAILROADS.

Oregon & California R. R.
To Take Effect Sunday, Aug. 19, 1877, at 12 o'clock Noon.
DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY),
As follows:
PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG
LEAVE. ARRIVE.
Portland.......7:30 A. M. | Roseburg...........
Roseburg.......5:00 A. M. | Portland...........
ALBANY EXPRESS TRAIN.
DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS)
As follows:
LEAVE. ARRIVE.
Portland..........3:50 P. M. | Albany...........
Albany..........5:30 A. M. | Portland...........
FREIGHT TRAINS
DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) AS FOLLOWS
LEAVE. ARRIVE.
Portland..........6:15 A. M. | Junction...........
Junction..........5:45 A. M. | Portland...........
The Oregon and California Railroad Ferry makes connection with all Regular Trains.
Close connections are made at ROSEBURG with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company.
☞Tickets for Sale to all the principal points in California and the East, at Company's Office,
Cor. F and Front Sts., at Ferry Landing
PORTLAND.
Storage will be charged on freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours.
Freight will not be received for shipment after 5 o'clock P. M.
J. BRANDT, Jr., Gen'l Supt.
E. P. ROGERS, Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent

Northern Pacific Railroad.
PACIFIC DIVISION.
KALAMA TO TACOMA
AND
TACOMA TO WILKESON,
(Coal Mines.)
MAIN LINE TRAINS,
DAILY, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)
LEAVE. ARRIVE.
Kalama..........11:20 A. M. Tacoma...........
Tacoma..........7:00 A. M. Kalama...........
Puyallup Road Trains,
LEAVE ARRIVE
Tacoma..........6:45 A. M. Wilkeson...........
Wilkeson..........8:30 P. M. Tacoma...........
CONNECTIONS
At Tacoma with Pacific Mail Steamships for Victoria and San Francisco, and with Sound Steamers for Seattle, Steilacoom, Olympia and points on Puget Sound.
At Lake View with Stage for Steilacoom.
At Tenino with stages for Olympia.
At Kalama with O. S. N. Co.'s Boats for Portland and all points on Columbia River.
At Portland on Wednesday and Saturday at 6 A. M. with steamers for Port Townsend, Victoria, Nanaimo, New Westminster and Fraser River.
Through Tickets for sale at Principal Office of the Company, and at the Office of the O. S. N. Co. in Portland, Oregon, to Victoria and Seattle via P. M. S. S. Co's steamships from Tacoma, O. S. S. Co. and P. C. S. S. Co's steamships from Portland to San Francisco.
Through Tickets to Portland, Oregon, for sale at Victoria, Seattle, Tacoma and Tenino.
SAM'L A. BLACK, Gen'l Supt.
W. WAYNE VOGDES, General Ticket Agent

SAN FRANCISCO.



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DR. GIBBON'S
DISPENSARY
623 Kearny Street,
Established in 1854, for the treatment of Sexual and Seminal Diseases, such as Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture syphilis in all its forms, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, Skin Diseases etc., permanently cured, or no charge.
SEMINAL WEAKNESS.
Seminal Emissions, the consequence of self-abuse. This solitary vice, or depraved sexual indulgence, practiced by the youth of both sexes to an almost unlimited extent, producing with unerring certainty, the following train of morbid symptoms, unless combated by scientific medical measures, viz: low countenance, dark spots under the eyes, pain in the head, ringing in the ears, noise like the rustling of leaves and rattling of chariots, uneasiness about the loins, weakness of the limbs, confused vision, blunted intellect, loss of confidence, diffidence in approaching strangers, a dislike to form new acquaintances, disposition to shun society, loss of memory, hectic flushes, pimples and various eruptions about the face, furred tongue, fetid breath, coughs, consumption, night sweats, monomania and frequent insanity.
CURED AT HOME.
Persons at a distance may be CURED AT HOME by addressing a letter to Dr. Gibbon, stating case, symptoms, length of time the disease has continued, and have medicines promptly forwarded, free from damage and curiosity, to any part of the country, with full and plain directions. By inclosing Ten Dollars coin, in registered letter through the Post-office or through Wells, Fargo & Co., a package of medicine will be forwarded to any part of the Union. Address DR. J. F. GIBBON
Box 1,957, San Francisco

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VOL. XVIII—NO. 14

GENERAL NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

Murder.

OMAHA, Neb., Feb. 18.—A murder was committed at Stanton county, Nebraska, Saturday night, August Sprich being killed by two brothers named Rustmeyer. Sprich was spending the evening with the Rustmeyers playing cards. A dispute arose, when Sprich invited Rustmeyer out of doors and gave him a whipping, and then started for home, and was soon afterwards found with his skull fractured and died in a few hours. The Rustmeyer brothers were arrested for the crime.

Military Change.

A change in the command of the military department of Arizona has been ordered. Gen. A. V. Kautz, present commander, will be relieved by Gen. O. B. Willcox, colonel of the 12th infantry, whose regiment will take the place of the 8th infantry, now in Arizona, and who will go to California.

New York Fire.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—The regimental flags of the 8th regiment were saved, but all the rest of their property, including 800 stand of arms, was destroyed. The Twenty-third street Presbyterian church was valued at $6,000, and with its contents was insured for $45,000. The Covenanters' church cost $30,000, insured for $16,000. The Excelsior block has been regarded as a dangerous building, and surrounding property owners have had to pay extra rate of insurance on account of its proximity. It is impossible this evening to ascertain the amount of losses of tenants.

A Positive Denial.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—The story of the postponement of the Paris exhibition in case of war and destruction of the ship supply is authoritively contradicted.

Work Resumed.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 18.—Operations were resumed in the Lehigh coal region to-day, and will continue for another week, when another suspension takes place.

Requiem Masses.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 18.—Requiem masses for the late pope were celebrated to-day at a number of Catholic churches.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 18.—Very imposing funeral ceremonies in honor of the late Pope Pius IX took place at the Italian church of Santa Marie, Magdalene Di Passi, to-day.

WASHINGTON CITY.

Brazil Postal Affairs.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—Representative Waddell, chairman of the house committee on postoffices, to-day appeared before the senate postoffice committee and read his report accompanying the bill adopted by the house committee to provide for two ocean mail steamship lines between the United States and Brazil. The bill will be submitted to the house on the first opportunity.

Appointments Confirmed.

The senate confirmed the following: A. W. Dockery, of North Carolina, U. S. consul at Leeds; John Q. Smith, of Ohio, consul general of the United States at Montreal; E. Spooner, U. S. marshal for Indiana. Collectors of customs—John S. Collins, district of Brunswick, Ga.; Wm. H. Sargent, Castine, Maine; Noel B. Nutt, Passamaquoddy, Maine. Indian agent—Samuel A. Dill, of Philadelphia, Pawnee agency; A. B. Alant, of Kentucky, Kiowa agency.

Postal Bill.

The house committee on postoffices and postroads to-day agreed to report a bill in favor of establishing a steamship mail line from Galveston, Texas, to Vera Cruz.

New Orleans Mint.

The bill introduced by Senator Eustis to-day proposes to appropriate $60,000, available immediately, for the co-operative mint and assay office at New Orleans.

Law of Transportation.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—The supreme court to-day decided that a railroad company having contracted to forward cattle is responsible for their transportation over the whole route as well on the tracks of other companies as upon its own; that a railroad company, unless forbidden to do so by their charters, have power to contract for shipments the entire distance freight is to be carried over connecting lines; affirmed.

What will be Done if we are Invited?

The government has not received any invitation to send a representative to the congress at Baden Baden. The propriety of accepting such invitation when received will be the subject of a cabinet discussion, and it will be treated with all the importance it deserves.

ATLANTIC CABLE.

German Intervention.

LONDON, Feb. 18.—Conflicting definitions are given of the reason and character of German intervention which seems to have died over the recent crisis.

Explorers' Death.

BRUSSELS, Feb. 18.—An official telegram from Zanzibar announces the death there of M. Mars and Crespel, who were sent by the King of Belgians to explore the interior of Africa.

CHOLERA.

FEARS THAT THE DREAD DISEASE WILL SPREAD BEYOND ASIA.

[From the Lancet, (London, Eng.)]

Cholera is reported to have broken out at Jeddah and Mecca. The news has not yet been confirmed, but, unfortunately there is great probability of its accuracy. Since 1877 epidemiologists in this country have had an uneasy feeling that we were about to witness another diffusion of the malady beyond the boundaries of India. This feeling seemed to receive confirmation from the ascertained spread of the disease eastward into the districts of China, and probably also in parts of the eastern Archipelago, and northward into Beloochistan and Afghanistan to the frontier of Persia. Although no facts were known of extension to the countries westward, yet it was to be inferred that what had been observed to the north and east of India might also be taking place at the west, and the recent carriage of the disease by a French transport from Saigon into the Red Sea gave some countenance to this view. This happened when the tide of the Mecca pilgrims was flowing from India and the eastern Archipelago, was in full flow. Hence there is a great probability that the reported appearance of cholera at Mecca and its seaport, Jeddah, will prove correct. Europe should stand in respect to this threatened calamity in a different position from that in which it has ever stood before under a similar prospect. The International Sanitary Conference, which sat at Vienna in 1874, came to a common understanding as to the principles of international hygiene which should govern the different nations of Europe in view of another threatened epidemic of cholera. It is incumbent upon the various European governments to adopt these principles loyally and carry them out. These principles, which specially calculated to avert or greatly modify the vexations and futile practices of quarantine, set forth clearly the conditions, as tested by experience, which would afford the greatest protection against the introduction of the pestilence into a country from without. The it would be possible to exclude the disease wholly from Europe by any means of quarantine lies outside of the domain of the imagination. Means to prevent the needless introduction of cases into a country have their value, but the only true protection rests in internal measures of precaution.

A woman in West Winsted, Connecticut, has lost two brothers by murder, and one drowning, a brother in law by wounds in battle, a husband by a stroke of apoplexy, and a son in the recent railroad disaster at Tariffville.